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⑯ Probes and method to detect human immunodeficiency virus type 1.

⑯ Amplification oligonucleotides and hybridization assay probes are provided which distinguish Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 from other viruses found in human blood tissues.

The probes are nucleotide polymers which hybridize to the nucleic acid region of Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 corresponding to bases 763-793 of HIV type 1, (HXB2 isolate GenBank accession number K03455), or any of the regions corresponding to bases 1271-1301, 1358-1387, 1464-1489, 1501-1540, 1813-1845, 2969-2999, 3125-3161, 4148-4170, 4804-4832, 5950-5978, 9496-9523, 510-542 and 624-651.

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This invention relates to the design and construction of amplification oligonucleotides and probes to Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 (HIV), which allow detection of the organism in a test sample.

Laboratory diagnosis of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 in humans is currently performed by demonstration of the presence of viral antigen (p24) or anti-HIV-1 antibodies in serum. Direct detection of viral DNA, however, is a more useful diagnostic tool in some populations, such as infants born to seropositive mothers. Detection of viral DNA is more rapid and less hazardous than culture. Direct hybridization lacks adequate sensitivity in most patients (Shaw et al., *Science* 226: 1165-1171, 1984). Many references mention oligonucleotides said to have use in detection of Human Immunodeficiency Virus. Most of these references also mention the use of polymerase chain reaction (PCR). These references include the following: Kwok et al., *J. Virol.* 61: 1690-1694, 1987; Agius et al., *J. Virol. Meth.*, 30: 141-150, 1990; Albert and Fenyo, *J. Clin. Microbiol.* 28:1560-1564, 1990; Bell and Ratner, *AIDS Res. and Human Retroviruses* 5:87-95, 1989; Bruisten et al., *Vox Sang* 61:24-29, 1991; Clarke et al., *AIDS* 4:1133-1136, 1990; Coutlee et al., *Anal. Biochem.* 181:96-105, 1989; Dahlien et al., *J. Clin. Microbiol.* 29:798-804, 1991; Dudding et al., *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Comm.* 167:244-250, 1990; Ferrer-Le-Coeur et al., *Thrombosis and Haemostasis* 65:478-482, 1991; Goswami et al., *AIDS* 5:797-803, 1991; Grankvist et al., *AIDS* 5:575-578, 1991; Guatelli et al., *J. Virol.* 64:4093-4098, 1990; Hart et al., *Lancet* 2 (8611):596-599, 1988; Holland et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA*, 88:7276-7280, 1991; Keller et al., *Anal. Biochem.* 177:27-32, 1989; Kumar et al., *AIDS Res. and Human Retroviruses* 5:345-354, 1989; Linz et al., *J. Clin. Chem. Clin. Biochem.* 28:5-13, 1990; Mano and Chermann, *Res. Virol.* 142:95-104, 1991; Mariotti et al., *AIDS* 4:633-637, 1990; Mariotti et al., *Transfusion* 30:704-706, 1990; Meyerhans et al., *Cell* 58:901-910, 1989; Mousset et al., *AIDS* 4:1225-1230, 1990; Ou et al., *Science* 239:295-297, 1988; Pang et al., *Nature* 343:85-89, 1990; Paterlini et al., *J. Med. Virol.* 30:53-57, 1990; Perrin et al., *Blood* 76:641-645, 1990; Preston et al., *J. Virol. Meth.* 33:383-390, 1991; Pritchard and Stefano, *Ann. Biol. Clin.* 48:492-497, 1990; Rudin et al., *Eur. J. Clin. Microbiol. Infect. Dis.* 10:146-156, 1991; Shoebridge et al., *AIDS* 5:221-224, 1991; Stevenson et al., *J. Virol.* 64:3792-3803, 1990; Truckenmiller et al., *Res. Immunol.* 140:527-544, 1989; Van de Perre, et al., *New Eng. J. Med.* 325:593-598, 1991; Varas et al., *BioTechniques* 11:384-391, 1991; Velpandi et al., *J. Virol.* 65:4847-4852, 1991; Williams et al., *AIDS* 4:393-398, 1990; Zachar et al., *J. Virol. Meth.* 33:391-395, 1991; Zack et al., *Cell* 61:213-222, 1990; Findlay et al., entitled "Nucleic acid test article and its use to detect a pre-determined nucleic acid," PCT/US90/00452; Gingeras et al., entitled "Nucleic acid probe assay methods and compositions," PCT/US87/01966; Brakel and Spadoro, entitled "Amplification capture assay," EPO application number 90124738.7, publication number 0 435 150 A2; Moncany and Montagnier, entitled "Séquences nucleotidiques issues du génome des retrovirus du typ hiv-1, hiv-2 et siv, et leurs applications notamment pour l'amplification des génomes de ces retrovirus et pour le diagnostic in-vitro des infections dues a ces virus," EPO application number 90401520.3, publication number 0 403 333 A2; Urdea, entitled "DNA-dependent RNA polymerase transcripts as reporter molecules for signal amplification in nucleic acid hybridization assays," PCT/US91/00213; Musso et al., entitled "Lanthanide chelate-tagged nucleic acid probes," PCT/US88/03735; Chang, entitled "Cloning and expression of HTLV-III DNA," EPO application number 85307260.1, publication number 0 185 444 A2; and Levenson, entitled "Diagnostic kit and method using a solid phase capture means for detecting nucleic acids," EPO application number 89311862.0, publication number 0 370 694; and Sninsky et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,008,182.

Summary of the Invention

This invention discloses novel amplification oligonucleotides and detection probes for the detection of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1. The probes are capable of distinguishing between the Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 and its known closest phylogenetic neighbors. The amplification oligonucleotides and probes may be used in an assay for the detection and/or quantitation of Human Immunodeficiency Virus nucleic acid.

It is known that a nucleic acid sequence able to hybridize to a nucleic acid sequence sought to be detected ("target sequence") can serve as a probe for the target sequence. The probe may be labelled with a detectable moiety such as a radioisotope, antigen or chemiluminescent moiety to facilitate detection of the target sequence. A background description of the use of nucleic acid hybridization as a procedure for the detection of particular nucleic acid sequences is provided in Kohne, U.S. Patent No. 4,851,330, and Hogan et al., EPO Patent Application No. PCT/US87/03009, entitled "Nucleic Acid Probes for Detection and/or Quantitation of Non-Viral Organisms."

It is also known that hybridization may occur between complementary nucleic acid strands including; DNA/DNA, DNA/RNA, and RNA/RNA. Two single strands of deoxyribo- ("DNA") or ribo- ("RNA") nucleic acid, formed from nucleotides (including the bases adenine (A), cytosine (C), thymidine (T), guanine (G), uracil (U), or inosine (I)), may hybridize to form a double-stranded structure in which the two strands are held together

by hydrogen bonds between pairs of complementary bases. Generally, A is hydrogen bonded to T or U, while G is hydrogen bonded to C. At any point along the hybridized strands, therefore, one may find the classical base pairs AT or AU, TA or UA, GC, or CG. Thus, when a first single strand of nucleic acid contains sufficient contiguous complementary bases to a second, and those two strands are brought together under conditions which will promote their hybridization, double-stranded nucleic acid will result. Under appropriate conditions, DNA/DNA, RNA/DNA, or RNA/RNA hybrids may be formed. The present invention includes the use of probes or primers containing nucleotides differing in the sugar moiety, or otherwise chemically modified, which are able to hydrogen bond along the lines described above.

Thus, in a first aspect, the invention features hybridization assay probes able to distinguish Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 from other viruses found in human blood or tissues, and amplification oligonucleotides able to selectively amplify Human Immunodeficiency Virus nucleic acid. Specifically, the probes are nucleotide polymers which hybridize to the nucleic acid region of Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 corresponding to bases 763-793 of HIV type 1, (HXB2 isolate GenBank accession number K03455), or any of the regions corresponding to bases 1271-1301, 1358-1387, 1464-1489, 1501-1540, 1813-1845, 2969-2999, 3125-3161, 4148-4170, 4804-4832, 5950-5978, 9496-9523, 510-542, and 624-651; preferably, the oligonucleotide comprises, consists essentially of, or consists of the sequence (reading 5' to 3')

(SEQ ID NO: 1) GACTAGCGGAGGCTAGAAGGAGAGAGATGGG
 20 (SEQ ID NO: 2) GAAGGCTTCAGCCCAGAAGTAATACCCATG
 (SEQ ID NO: 3) ATTTGCATGGCTGCTTGATGTCCCCCCACT
 (SEQ ID NO: 4) CTTCCCTTGTTCTCTCATCTGGCC
 25 (SEQ ID NO: 5) GTCATCCATCCTATTGTTCTGAAGGGTACTAGTAG
 (SEQ ID NO: 6) CTCCCTGACATGCTGTCATCATTCTTAGTG
 (SEQ ID NO: 7) GTGGAAGCACATTGTAAGTATCTAATCCC
 (SEQ ID NO: 8) GCTCCTCTATTTGTTCTATGCTGCCCTATTCTAA
 30 (SEQ ID NO: 9) CCTTTGTGCTGGTACCCATGC
 (SEQ ID NO: 10) CTACTATTCTTCCCTGCACGTACCCC
 (SEQ ID NO: 11) AAAGCCTTAGGCATCTCCTATGGCAGGAA
 35 (SEQ ID NO: 12) GCAGCTGCTATATGCAGGATCTGAGGG
 (SEQ ID NO: 13) CAAGGCAAGCTTATTGAGGCTTAAGCAGTGGG
 (SEQ ID NO: 14) ATCTCTAGCAGTGGCGCCCGAACAGGG

40 or RNA equivalents thereto (SEQ. ID. Nos. 67-80), or oligonucleotides complementary thereto (SEQ. ID. Nos. 53-66), or RNA equivalents to the oligonucleotides complementary thereto (SEQ. ID. Nos. 81-94).

The oligonucleotides are used with or without a helper probe as described below. The use of helper probes (e.g., SEQ. ID. Nos. 15-18) and complementary oligonucleotides to the helper probes (e.g., SEQ. ID. Nos. 95-98) and RNA equivalents thereto (e.g., SEQ. ID. Nos. 132-140) enhances nucleic acid hybridization.

45 By "consists essentially of" is meant that the probe is provided as a purified nucleic acid which under stringent hybridizing conditions hybridizes with the target sequence and not with other related target sequences present in either other virus nucleic acids or human nucleic acids. Such a probe may be linked to other nucleic acids which do not affect such hybridization. Generally, it is preferred that the probe is between 15 to 100 (most preferably between 20 and 50) bases in size. It may, however, be provided in a vector.

50 In a related aspect, the invention features the formation of nucleic acid hybrids formed by the hybridization of the probes of this invention with target nucleic acid under stringent hybridization conditions. Stringent hybridization conditions involve the use 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C. The hybrids are useful because they allow the specific detection of viral nucleic acid.

55 In another related aspect, the invention features amplification oligonucleotides useful for specific detection of Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 in an amplification assay. The amplification oligonucleotides are complementary to conserved regions of HIV genomic nucleic acid and are nucleotide polymers able to hybridize to regions of the nucleic acid of HIV corresponding to HIV-1 HXB2R bases 682-705, 800-822, 1307-1337, 1306-1330, 1315-1340, 1395-1425, 1510-1535, 1549-1572, 1743-1771, 1972-1989, 2868-2889, 3008-

3042, 3092-3124, 3209-3235, 4052-4079, 4176-4209, 4169-4206, 4394-4428, 4756-4778, 4835-4857, 4952-4969, 5834-5860, 5979-5999, 9431-9457, 9529-9555, 449-473, 550-577, 578-601, 579-600, 624-646, and 680-703.

Specifically, such amplification oligonucleotides consist, comprise, or consist essentially of those selected
5 from (reading 5' to 3'):

(X) CTCGACGCAGGACTCGGCTTGCTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 19),
10 (X) CTCCCCGCTTAATCTGACGCT (SEQ. ID. NO. 20),
(X) GGCAAATGGTACATCAGGCCATATCACCTAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 21),
(X) GGGGTGGCTCCTCTGATAATGCTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 22),
15 (X) CAGAAGGAGCCACCCCCACAAGATTAA (SEQ. ID. NO. 23),
(X) GACCATCAATGAGGAAGCTGCAGAATG (SEQ. ID. NO. 24),
(X) CCCATTCTGCAGCTTCCTCATTGAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 25),
20 (X) AGTGACATAGCAGGAACTA (SEQ. ID. NO. 26),
(X) CCATCCTATTTGTTCCCTGAAGGGTAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 27),
(X) AGATTTCTCCTACTGGGATAGGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 28),
25 (X) GAAACCTTGTGAGTCCAAAATGCGAACCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 29),
(X) TGTGCCCTTCTTGCCAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 30),
(X) CAGTACTGGATGTGGGTGATGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 31),
30 (X) GTCATGCTACTTGGAAATATTCTGGTATCCTT (SEQ. ID. NO. 32),
(X) CAATACATGGATGATTGTATGTAGGATCTGAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 33),
(X) ACCAAAGGAATGGAGGTTCTTCTGATG (SEQ. ID. NO. 34),
35 (X) GCATTAGGAATCATTCAAGCACAACCGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 35),
(X) GCACTGACTAATTTATCTACTTGTTCATTCCTC (SEQ. ID. NO. 36),
(X) GGGATTGGAGGAAATGAACAAAGTAGATAAAATTAGTCAG (SEQ. ID. NO.
40 37),
(X) TGTGTACAATCTAGTTGCCATATTCTGGACTACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 38),
(X) CAAATGGCAGTATTCAATCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 39),
(X) GTTTGTATGTCTGTTGCTATTAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 40),
45 (X) CCCTTCACCTTCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 41),
(X) GAGCCCTGGAAGCATCCAGGAAGTCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 42),
(X) CTTCGTCGCTGTCTCCGCTTC (SEQ. ID. NO. 43),
50 (X) CAAGGGACTTCCGCTGGGGACTTTCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 44),
(X) GTCTAACCAAGAGAGACCCAGTACAGGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 45),
(X) GTACTGGGTCTCTGGTTAGACCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 46),
(X) CACACAACAGACGGGCACACACTACTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 47),
55 (X) CTGAGGGATCTCTAGTTACCAAGAGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 48),
(X) CTCTGGTAACTAGAGATCCCTCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 49),
(X) GTTCGGGCGCCACTGCTAGAGAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 50),
(X) GCAAGCCGAGTCCTGCGTCGAGA (SEQ. ID. NO. 51)

and the RNA equivalents thereto (SEQ. ID. Nos. 99-131). Where (X) is nothing or a 5' oligonucleotide sequence that is recognized by an enzyme, including but not limited to the promoter sequence for T7, T3, or SP6 RNA polymerase, which enhances initiation or elongation of RNA transcription by an RNA polymerase. One example of X includes the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 52: 5'-AATTTAACAGACTCACTATAGGGAGA-3'.

5 These amplification oligonucleotides are used in a nucleic acid amplification assay such as the polymerase chain reaction or an amplification reaction using RNA polymerase, DNA polymerase and RNase H or its equivalent, as described by Kacian and Fultz, *supra*, and by Sninsky et al. U.S. Patent No. 5,079,351, both hereby incorporated by reference herein.

10 The amplification oligonucleotides and probes of this invention offer a rapid, non-subjective method of identification and quantitation of a sample for specific sequences unique to strains of Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1.

15 Other features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the following description of the preferred embodiments thereof, and from the claims.

15 **Description of the Preferred Embodiments**

We have discovered particularly useful DNA probes complementary to particular nucleic acid sequences of Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1. Furthermore, we have successfully used these probes in a specific assay for the detection of Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1, distinguishing it from the known and presumably most closely related taxonomic or phylogenetic neighbors found in human blood or tissues.

20 We have also identified particularly useful amplification oligonucleotides which are complementary to the Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 nucleic acid, and have used these oligonucleotides, e.g., as primers or promoter primer combinations (i.e., a primer having a promoter sequence attached), to amplify the nucleic acid of Human Immunodeficiency Virus, allowing its direct detection in a sample.

25 Useful guidelines for designing amplification oligonucleotides and probes with desired characteristics are described herein. The optimal sites for amplifying and probing contain two, and preferably three, conserved regions greater than about 15 bases in length, within about 350 bases, and preferably within 150 bases, of contiguous sequence. The degree of amplification observed with a set of primers or promotor/primers depends on several factors, including the ability of the oligonucleotides to hybridize to their complementary sequences 30 and their ability to be extended enzymatically. Because the extent and specificity of hybridization reactions are affected by a number of factors, manipulation of those factors will determine the exact sensitivity and specificity of a particular oligonucleotide, whether perfectly complementary to its target or not. The importance and effect of various assay conditions are known to those skilled in the art as described in Hogan et al., EPO Patent Application No. PCT/US87/03009, entitled "Nucleic Acid Probes for Detection and/or Quantitation of 35 Non-Viral Organisms"; and Milliman, entitled "Nucleic Acid Probes to Haemophilus influenzae," U.S. Serial No. 07/690,788, filed 4/25/91 assigned to the same assignee as the present application and hereby incorporated by reference herein.

40 The length of the target nucleic acid sequence and, accordingly, the length of the probe sequence can be important. In some cases, there may be several sequences from a particular region, varying in location and length, which will yield probes with the desired hybridization characteristics. In other cases, one sequence may be significantly better than another which differs merely by a single base. While it is possible for nucleic acids that are not perfectly complementary to hybridize, the longest stretch of perfectly homologous base sequence will normally primarily determine hybrid stability. While oligonucleotide probes of different lengths and base composition may be used, oligonucleotide probes preferred in this invention are between about 10 to 50 bases 45 in length and are sufficiently homologous to the target nucleic acid to hybridize under stringent hybridization conditions. We have found that optimal primers have target-binding regions of 18-38 bases, with a predicted Tm (melting temperature) to target of about 65°C.

50 Amplification oligonucleotides or probes should be positioned so as to minimize the stability of the oligomer:nontarget (i.e., nucleic acid with similar sequence to target nucleic acid) nucleic acid hybrid. It is preferred that the amplification oligomers and detection probes are able to distinguish between target and non-target sequences. In designing probes, the differences in these Tm values should be as large as possible (e.g., at least 2°C and preferably 5°C).

55 Regions of the nucleic acid which are known to form strong internal structures inhibitory to hybridization are less preferred. Examples of such structures include hairpin loops. Likewise, probes with extensive self-complementarity should be avoided.

The degree of non-specific extension (primer-dimer or non-target copying) can also affect amplification efficiency, therefore primers are selected to have low self- or cross- complementarity, particularly at the 3' ends of the sequence. Long homopolymer tracts and high GC content are avoided to reduce spurious primer

extension. Commercial computer programs are available to aid in this aspect of the design. Available computer programs include MacDNASIS™ 2.0 (Hitachi Software Engineering American Ltd.) and OLIGO® ver. 4.1 (National Bioscience).

Hybridization is the association of two single strands of complementary nucleic acid to form a hydrogen bonded double strand. It is implicit that if one of the two strands is wholly or partially involved in a hybrid that it will be less able to participate in formation of a new hybrid. By designing a probe so that a substantial portion of the sequence of interest is single stranded, the rate and extent of hybridization may be greatly increased. If the target is an integrated genomic sequence then it will naturally occur in a double stranded form, as is the case with the product of the polymerase chain reaction (PCR). These double-stranded targets are naturally inhibitory to hybridization with a probe and require denaturation prior to the hybridization step. Finally, there can be intramolecular and intermolecular hybrids formed within a probe if there is sufficient self complementarity. Such structures can be avoided through careful probe design. Commercial computer programs are available to search for this type of interaction. Available computer programs include MacDNASIS™ 2.0 (Hitachi Software Engineering American Ltd.) and OLIGO® ver. 4.1 (National Bioscience).

Once synthesized, selected oligonucleotide probes may be labelled by any of several well known methods.

2 J. Sambrook, E.F. Fritsch and T. Maniatis, Molecular Cloning 11 (2d ed. 1989). Useful labels include radio-isotopes as well as non-radioactive reporting groups. We currently prefer to use acridinium esters.

Oligonucleotide/target hybrid melting temperature may be determined by isotopic methods well known to those skilled in the art. It should be noted that the T_m for a given hybrid will vary depending on the hybridization solution being used. Sambrook, et al. supra.

Rate of hybridization may be measured by determining the $C_{0.5}t_{1/2}$. The rate at which a probe hybridizes to its target is a measure of the thermal stability of the target secondary structure in the probe region. The standard measurement of hybridization rate is the $C_{0.5}t_{1/2}$, which is measured as moles of nucleotide per liter times seconds. Thus, it is the concentration of probe times the time at which 50% of maximal hybridization occurs at that concentration. This value is determined by hybridizing various amounts of probe to a constant amount of target for a fixed time. The $C_{0.5}t_{1/2}$ is found graphically by standard procedure.

The following examples set forth oligonucleotide probes complementary to a unique nucleic acid sequence from a target organism, and their use in a hybridization assay.

Examples:

30 Probes specific for Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 were identified by comparison of sequences obtained from the published database GenBank. Sequences ID Nos. 1-12 were characterized and shown to be specific for Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1. Phylogenetically near neighbors including Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 2, Human T-cell Leukemia Virus type 1 and Human T-Cell Leukemia Virus type 2 were used as comparisons with the sequence of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1.

Example 1. Probes for HIV

40 A hybridization protection assay was used to demonstrate the reactivity and specificity of the probes for Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1. The probes were first synthesized with a non-nucleotide linker, then labelled with a chemiluminescent acridinium ester (AE) as described by Arnold, et al., PCT/US88/03361, entitled "Acridinium Ester Labeling and Purification of Nucleotide Probes," hereby incorporated by reference herein. The acridinium ester attached to an unhybridized probe is susceptible to hydrolysis and rendered non-chemiluminescent under mild alkaline conditions. However, the acridinium ester attached to hybridized probe is relatively 45 resistant to hydrolysis. Thus, it is possible to assay for hybridization of acridinium ester-labelled probe by incubation with an alkaline buffer, followed by detection of chemiluminescence in a luminometer. Results are given in Relative Light Units (RLU); the quantity of photons emitted by the labelled-probe measured by the luminometer.

50 In the following experiment, DNA prepared from clones containing full or partial sequences of the target viruses was assayed. An example of a method for preparing the DNA from clones is provided by Sambrook et al, supra. The source of DNA for the clones was as follows; Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1, BH10 (L. Ratner et al., Nature 312:277-284. 1985); Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 2 NIHZ (J.F. Zagury, et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 85:5941-5945. 1988), Human T-cell leukemia virus type 1 pMT-2, (M. Clarke et al. Nature 305:60-62. 1983); Human T-cell leukemia virus type 2 (K. Shimotohmo et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 82:3101-3105. 1985); and Human Hepatitis B Virus serotype ADW, obtained from ATCC(# 45020). Target in 55 50 µl of 10 mM N-2-hydroxyethylpiperazine-N'-2-ethanesulfonic acid (HEPES), 10 mM ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (EDTA), 1% lithium lauryl sulfate, pH 7.4, was denatured at 95°C for 5 min, cooled on wet ice, and 0.04 pmol of probe in 50 µl of 0.1 M lithium succinate buffer, pH 4.7, 2% (w/v) lithium lauryl sulfate, 1.2 M lithium chloride, 10 mM EDTA and 20 mM ethyleneglycol-bis-(beta-aminoethyl ether) N,N,N',N'-tetraacetic acid

following experiment was performed. Zero, 20, or 100 copies of plasmid DNA containing Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1, the To demonstrate the reactivity of the primers and probes for Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1, the

66 Example 2. Amplification of HIV by PCR

Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 from these viruses found in human blood. The above data confirm that the novel probes herein disclosed and claimed are capable of distinguishing

50 serotype ADW 1.3, 1.8 kb BamHI fragments.
5 kb BamHI fragment, Target 7 = Human Hepatitis B virus
5 fragment, Target 6 = Human T-cell Leukemia virus type 2
45 Target 5 = Human T-cell Leukemia virus type 2 3.5 kb BamHI

40 T-cell Leukemia virus type 1 3, 4.4 kb XbaI-SstI fragment,
1 (PMT-2) 5, 4.6 kb SstI-BamHI fragment; Target 4 = Human
NaeI fragment, Target 3 = Human T-cell Leukemia virus type
= Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 2 (NIH isolate) 9 kb
Target 1 = HIV-1 BH10 isolate 9 kb SstI fragment, Target 2

35 12 140,691 1,846 602 694 531 534 1,236
11 25,856 4,641 3,598 3,736 3,711 3,855 3,388
10 59,007 714 264 280 284 272 567
9 15,971 721 280 268 261 274 284
8 45,868 1,432 395 392 386 401 404
7 27,407 640 401 252 366 343 359
6 28,038 546 408 375 356 369 372
4 61,691 2,818 750 695 686 702 642
2 14,992 563 394 377 409 383 465
1 179,166 482 500 496 190 496 470

20 Probe ID No.:
Sequence
Target: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
Table 1. Hybridization Assay with HIV-1 probes.

15 The following data (Table 1) show that the probes do not cross react with viral DNA from closely related viruses found in human blood or tissues. The samples also gave a positive signal when tested with a probe specific to each target, thereby confirming sample adequacy.
10 The following data (Table 1) show that the probes do not cross react with viral DNA from closely related viruses found in human blood or tissues. The samples also gave a positive signal when tested with a probe specific to each target, thereby confirming sample adequacy.
5 sodium borate pH 8.5, 1% Triton X-100 and a second incubation at 60°C for 6 min to hybridize the AE on unhybridized probe. Samples were cooled in ice water for 1 min, placed at room temperature for another 3 min, and then analyzed in a LEADER 1 luminescent equipped with automatic injection of detection reagent (containing 0.1% hydrogen peroxide and 1 mM nitric acid) and detection reagent II (containing 1 N sodium hydroxide and a surfactant component). Some of the hybridization reactions were enhanced with the addition of 4 mol/l of unlabeled "helper probe" as disclosed in Hogan et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,030,557 entitled "Means and Method for Enhancing Nucleic Acid Hybridization", hereby incorporated by reference herein. An RLU value greater than 5,000 RLU was a positive result less than 5,000 RLU was a negative result.

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ficiency Virus DNA was linearized with a restriction endonuclease, and added to amplification reactions containing 50 pmol of each primer, 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8, 50 mM KCl, 1.25 mM MgCl₂, 0.25 mM each of dATP, dTTP, dCTP, dGTP, and 2.5 U Taq DNA polymerase in 50 µl. The reactions were incubated at 95°C for 1-2 min, and then cycled 35 times at 55°C for 15 sec, 72°C for 30 sec, and 95°C for 20 sec in a Perkin-Elmer 9600 thermocycler or 55°C for 30 sec, 72°C for 60 sec, and 95°C for 60 sec in a Perkin-Elmer 48 well thermocycler. Following cycling, the reactions were incubated at 72°C for 6-7 min and stored at 4°C. Ten µl of the product was analyzed by hybridization protection assay with 0.04 pmol of labeled probe. The data are shown in Table 2. RLU greater than 7,000 is considered a positive result.

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Table 2. Amplification of Human Immunodeficiency Virus Type 1 by PCR

15	Primer	Probe	Sample			RLU
			0 c	20 c	100 c	
20	Sequence	Sequence				
20	ID Nos:	ID. No.				
21	19/20*	1	886	827,202	723,008	
22	21/22*	2	2,677	24,030	48,521	
23	*23/25	3	370	144,082	603,456	
24	*24/27	4	4,042	81,052	163,355	
25	*26/28	5	263	273,023	593,022	
26	*29/30	6	1,008	328,736	366,590	
27	*31/32	7	3,394	73,690	86,168	
28	*33/34	8	1,648	7,152	24,027	
29	*35/36	9	560	82,980	145,681	
30	*39/40	10	810	279,079	299,815	
31	*39/41	10	886	362,914	427,500	
32	42/43*	11	5,830	680,788	1,939,372	
33	*44/45	12	1,387	21,428	130,709	

The starred (*) primers had the sequence 5'-AATTTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGA-3' attached to the 5' end of the primer. 0 c = 0 copies of HIV DNA, 20 c = 20 copies of HIV DNA, 100 c = 100 copies of HIV DNA. Probe 1 was used in the presence of unlabeled helper probe SEQ. ID. No. 15. Probe 7 was used in the presence unlabeled helper probe SEQ. ID. No. 16. Probe 10 was used in the presence of unlabeled helper probe SEQ. ID. No. 17. Probe 12 was used in the presence of unlabeled helper probe SEQ. ID. No. 18. As the copy number increased, RLU increased. Thus, the primers of the present invention were able to successfully amplify, by PCR, HIV type 1 target sequences which were detected using the probes of the present invention.

55

55 To show that the amplification oligomers also work in a transcription based amplification assay, 0, 2,000, or 20,000 copies of plasmid DNA containing HIV type 1 was linearized using a restriction endonuclease, and heated to 95°C for two min and cooled to 37°C for 1 min. Following addition of 800 U of MMLV reverse transcriptase the reactions were incubated for 12 min at 37°C, heated to 95°C for two min, and cooled to 37°C for 10 min. The PCR reaction was then performed using the same conditions as above.

Example 4. Non-PCR Amplification

50 To amplify by PCR HIV type 1 target sequences present in individual not containing HIV type 1 were correctly sequences were detected by the probes of the present 45 individual not containing HIV type 1 and an invention. Thus, individual's containing HIV type 1 and an sequences detected with HIV. The amplified target 40 individual's infected with HIV. The present invention is identified.

40 The primers of the present invention were able to amplify ATTATACGACCTACATAGGAGA-3', attached to the 5', end of the primer. The primers of the present invention were able 35 The started (*) primers had the sequence 5'-

35 *44/45 12 55,082 80,388 1,496
42/43+ 21 99,028 207,605 6,057
*39/41 20 55,582 98,504 993
*39/40 10 36,310 50,838 976
*33/34 8 43,993 40,389 705
*31/32 7 200,418 130,486 481
*26/28 5 22,345 26,014 369
*24/27 4 2,355 25,329 1,052
*23/25 3 45,230 93,529 455
21/22* 2 34,949 35,483 565
19/20* 1 27,616 71,981 886
20 ID Nos: ID. No.
Sequence Sequence
Primer Probe Patient 1 Patient 2 Negative

15 Sample RLU

Table 3. PCR Assay

10 In this example, patient samples containing lysate prepared from 200,000 Ficoll-Hypaque purified white blood cells from individuals known to be infected with HIV type 1 or an individual not infected with HIV type 1 (negative) were analyzed as described in Example 2. These cells were prepared as described in Ryder and Kacian, entitled "Preparation of nucleic acid from blood," U.S. Serial number 07/898,785, filed 6/12/92. The results are shown in Table 3.

Example 3. Patient samples

one min. 800 U of MMLV reverse transcriptase and 400 U of T7 RNA polymerase were added and the reactions were incubated for 3 hr at 37°C. The final amplification conditions were 70 mM Tris HCl, pH 8, 35 mM KCl, 15 mM KOH neutralized N-acetyl-cysteine, 6 mM rGTP, 4 mM rCTP, 4 mM rATP, 4 mM rUTP, 1 mM each of dTTP, dATP, dCTP and dGTP, and 22 mM MgCl₂ in 100 µl. Ten µl of each reaction was mixed with 40 µl of water and assayed as described for Table 1 except that the hybridization buffer contained 20 mM aldrithiol. The results in RLU are shown in Table 4.

Table 4. Transcription-Based Amplification Assay

10

RLU

15	Primers Sequence	Probe Sequence	0 c	2,000 c	20,000 c
19	ID Nos:	ID. No.			
20	19/20*	1	681	24,170	190,536
21	21/22*	2	793	62,476	523,770
22	*23/25	3	2,239	812,577	1,126,045
23	*24/27	4	1,901	160,274	780,351
24	*26/28	5	2,555	877,893	1,167,756
25	*29/30	6	868	299,255	880,119
26	*31/32	7	871	129,732	969,034
27	*33/34	8	710	134,887	986,266
28	*35/36	9	884	128,981	1,021,865
29	*39/40	10	1,597	375,629	478,883
30	*39/41	10	1,264	499,304	495,509
31	*44/45	12	2,426	41,684	542,339

35 The starred (*) primers had the sequence 5'-AATTTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGA-3' attached to the 5' end of the primer. Probe 1 was used in the presence of unlabelled helper probe SEQ. ID. No. 15. Probe 7 was used in the presence of unlabelled helper probe SEQ. ID. No. 16, probe 10 was used in the presence of unlabelled helper probe SEQ. ID. No. 17, and probe 12 was used in the presence of unlabelled helper probe SEQ. ID. No. 18. 0 c = 0 copies of HIV DNA, 2,000 c = 2,000 copies of HIV DNA, 20,000 c = 20,000 copies of HIV DNA.

50

As the copy number increased RLU also increased. Thus, the primers of the present invention can be used to amplify HIV type 1 target sequences using a transcription based amplification assay and the amplified target sequences can be detected using the probes of the present invention.

55 Example 5.

This example demonstrates the ability of probes for Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 to detect low-levels of target oligomer produced in a transcription based amplification assay. Zero or 10 copies of plasmid

5 DNA containing HIV type I sequence was linearized using a restriction endonuclease, heated in the presence
of 1 μ g of human DNA to 95°C for eight minutes, and then cooled to 42°C for six minutes. Amplification was
carried out at 42°C for two hours using 800 U MMLV reverse transcriptase and 400 U of T7 RNA polymerase,
in the following reaction mix: 50 mM Tris HCl pH 8, 17.5 mM MgCl₂, 0.05 mM zinc acetate, 10% glycerol, 6.25
10 mM rGTP, 2.5 mM rCTP, 6.25 mM rATP, 2.5 mM rUTP, 0.2 mM dTTP, 0.2 mM dATP, 0.2 mM, 0.2 mM dCTP
and 0.2 mM dGTP. Primer SEQ ID NOs. 26, 28, and 41 were used at a concentration of 30 pmol, primer SEQ
ID NO. 39 was used at a concentration of 15 pmol. The entire reaction was analyzed using the hybridization
protection assay with 0.04 pmol of probe in 100 μ l of the hybridization buffer (supplemented with 20 mM aldrithiol)
15 as described in Example 1. Probe SEQ ID NO. 10 was hybridized in the presence of 2 pmol unlabeled
helper SEQ ID NO. 17.

Table 5. Low Level Transcription-Based Amplification Assay

15

Primers SEQ ID NOs.	Probe SEQ	RLU	
		0 copies	10 copies
*26/28	5	1,293	64,639
*39/40	10	2,143	564,185

20

25 The 10 copy values represent the average of ten replicates.
The starred (*) primers had the sequence 5'-
AATTTAACGACTCACTATAGGGAGA-3' attached to the 5' end of
the primer.

30 Other embodiments are within the following sequence listing.

35

40

45

50

55

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

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(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: NUCLEIC ACID AMPLIFICATION
OLIGONUCLEOTIDES AND PROBES
TO HUMAN IMMUNODEFICIENCY VIRUS TYPE 1

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 140

(iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

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(D) STATE: California
(E) COUNTRY: USA
(F) ZIP: 90017

(v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

(A) MEDIUM TYPE: 3.5" Diskette, 1.44 Mb storage
(B) COMPUTER: IBM PS/2 Model 502 or 55SX
(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM P.C. DOS (Version 3.30)
(D) SOFTWARE: WordPerfect (Version 5.0)

(vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

- (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
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- (C) CLASSIFICATION:

(vii) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

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including application
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(B) FILING DATE: 7/11/89

5

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15

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	31
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 1:

GACTAGCGGA GGCTAGAAGG AGAGAGATGG G 31

25

(3) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	31
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 2:

35 GAAGGGCTTTC AGCCCAGAAG TAATACCCAT G 31

(4) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	30
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 3:

45 ATTTGCATGG CTGCTTGATG TCCCCCCACT 30

50

55

(5) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 26
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
10 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 4:

CTTCCCCTTG GTTCTCTCAT CTGGCC 26

15 (6) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 37
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
20 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 5:

25 GTCATCCATC CTATTTGTTC CTGAAGGGTA CTAGTAG 37

(7) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:

30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
35 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 6:

CTCCCTGACA TGCTGTCATC ATTTCTTCTA GTG 33

40 (8) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 31
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
45 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 7:

50

GTGGAAGCAC ATTGTACTGA TATCTAATCC C 31

(9) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10

(A) LENGTH:	37
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

15

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 8:

GCTCCTCTAT TTTTGTCTA TGCTGCCCTA TTTCTAA 37

(10) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20

(A) LENGTH:	23
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

25

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 9:

CCTTTGTGTG CTGGTACCCA TGC 23

(11) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:

30

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35

(A) LENGTH:	29
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

40

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 10:

CTACTATTCT TTCCCCTGCA CTGTACCCC 29

(12) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 11:

45

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

45

(A) LENGTH:	29
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

50

55

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 11:

5 AAAGCCTTAG GCATCTCCTA TGGCAGGAA 29

(13) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 12:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10	(A) LENGTH:	28
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

15 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 12:

GCAGCTGCCT ATATGCAGGA TCTGAGGG 28

20 (14) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 13:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25	(A) LENGTH:	33
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 13:

30 CAAGGCAAGC TTTATTGAGG CTTAACAGT GGG 33

(15) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 14:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35	(A) LENGTH:	28
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

40 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 14:

ATCTCTAGCA GTGGCGCCCG AACAGGGA 28

45 (16) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 15:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

50	(A) LENGTH:	24
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 15:

5 TCGGAGAGCG TCAGTATTAA GCGG 24

(17) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	36
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

15 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 16:

CTACTTGGGA ATATTGCTGG TGATCCTTTC CATCCC 36

20 (18) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	33
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

25 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 17:

30 CCAATCCCCC CTTTTCTTTT AAAATTGTGG ATG 33

(19) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 18:

35 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	24
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

40 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 18:

CTCGCCACTC CCCAGTCCCG CCCA 24

45 (20) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 19:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 24

50

55

5 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 19:

CTCGACGCAG GACTCGGCTT GCTG 24

10 (21) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 20:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15 (A) LENGTH: 23
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 20:

20 CTCCCCCGCT TAATACTGAC GCT 23

(22) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 21:

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

30 (A) LENGTH: 31
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 21:

GGCAAATGGT ACATCAGGCC ATATCACCTA G 31

35 (23) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 22:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

40 (A) LENGTH: 25
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 22:

45 GGGGTGGCTC CTTCTGATAA TGCTG 25

(24) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 23:

50 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	26
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 23:

CAGAAGGAGC CACCCCACAA GATTAA 26

(25) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 24:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15 (A) LENGTH: 27
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 24:

GACCATCAAT GAGGAAGCTG CAGAATG 27

(26) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 25:

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

30 (A) LENGTH: 25
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 25:

CCCATTCTGC AGCTTCCTCA TTGAT 25

(27) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 263

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

40	(A) LENGTH:	19
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(iii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 26:

AGTGACATAG CAGGAACTA 19

(28) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 27:

50

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

5 (A) LENGTH: 26
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 27:

10 CCATCCTATT TGTCCTGAA GGGTAC 26

(29) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15 (A) LENGTH: 23
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 28:

20 AGATTTCTCC TACTGGGATA GGT 23

(30) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 29:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

30 (A) LENGTH: 30
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 29:

35 GAAACCTTGT TGAGTCCAAA ATGCGAACCC 30

(31) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 30:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

40 (A) LENGTH: 18
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 30:

TGTGCCCTTC TTTGCCAC 18

(32) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 31:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10

(A) LENGTH:	22
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 31:

15

CAGTACTGGA TGTGGGTGAT GC 22

(33) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 32:

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25

(A) LENGTH:	35
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 32:

30

GTCATGCTAC TTTGGAATAT TTCTGGTGAT CCTTT 35

(34) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 33:

35

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35

(A) LENGTH:	33
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 33:

40

CAATACATGG ATGATTTGTA TGTAGGATCT GAC 33

(35) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 34:

45

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

50

(A) LENGTH:	28
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

55

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 34:

5 ACCAAAAGGAA TGGAGGTTCT TTCTGATG 28

(36) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 35:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10 (A) LENGTH: 28
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 35:

GCATTAGGAA TCATTCAAGC ACAACCAG 28

(37) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 36:

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25 (A) LENGTH: 34
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 36:

GCACGTGACTA ATTTATCTAC TTGTTCATTT CCTC 34

(38) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 37:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35 (A) LENGTH:

(B) TYPE: single
(C) STRANDEDNESS: linear
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

40 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 37.

GGGATTGGAG GAAATGAACA AGTAGATAAA TTAGTCAG

(39) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 38:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

50 (A) LENGTH: 35
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 38:

TGTGTACAAT CTAGTTGCCA TATTCCTGGA CTACA 35

10 (40) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 39:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	22
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 39:

CAAATGGCAG TATTCACTCCA CA 22

20 (41) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 40:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	23
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

30 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 40:

GTTTGTATGT CTGTTGCTAT TAT 23

35 (42) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 41:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	18
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

40 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 41:

CCCTTCACCT TTCCAGAG 18

45 (43) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 42:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

50 (A) LENGTH: 27

5 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 42:

10 GAGCCCTGGA AGCATCCAGG AAGTCAG 27

(44) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 43:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15 (A) LENGTH: 21
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 43:

25 CTTCGTCGCT GTCTCCGCTT C 21

(45) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 44:

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

30 (A) LENGTH: 27
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

35 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 44:

CAAGGGACTT TCCGCTGGGG ACTTTCC 27

35 (46) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 45:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

40 (A) LENGTH: 27
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

45 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 45:

45 GTCTAACCAAG AGAGACCCAG TACAGGC 27

(47) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 46:

50 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

5 (A) LENGTH: 23
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 50:

GTTGGGGCGC CACTGCTAGA GAT 23

15 (52) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 51:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20 (A) LENGTH: 23
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 51:

GCAAGCCGAGT CCTGCGTCG AGA 23

30 (53) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 52:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35 (A) LENGTH: 27
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

40 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 52:

AATTTAACAT GACTCACTAT AGGGAGA 27

45 (54) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 53:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

50 (A) LENGTH: 31
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

55 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 53:

5 CCCATCTCTC TCCTTCTAGC CTCCGCTAGT C 31

10 (55) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 54:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	31
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

20 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 54:

25 CATGGGTATT ACTTCTGGGC TGAAAGCCTT C 31

30 (56) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 55:

35 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	30
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

40 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 55:

45 AGTGGGGGGA CATCAAGCAG CCATGCAAAT 30

50 (57) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 56:

55 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	26
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

60 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 56:

65 GGCCAGATGA GAGAACCAAG GGGAAAG 26

70 (58) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 57:

75 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	37
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

80

85 55

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 57:

CTACTAGTAC CCTTCAGGAA CAAATAGGAT GGATGAC 37

5 (59) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 58:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10	(A) LENGTH:	33
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 58:

15 CACTAGAAGA AATGATGACA GCATGTCAGG GAG 33

20 (60) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 59:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25	(A) LENGTH:	31
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 59:

30 GGGATTAGAT ATCAGTACAA TGTGCTTCCA C 31

35 (61) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 60:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35	(A) LENGTH:	37
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

40 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 60:

45 TTAGAAATAG GGCAGCATAG AACAAAATA GAGGAGC 37

(62) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 61:

50 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

	(A) LENGTH:	23
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 61:

5 GCATGGGTAC CAGCACACAA AGG 23

(63) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 62:

10 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	29
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

15 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 62:

GGGGTACAGT GCAGGGAAA GAATAGTAG 29

20 (64) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 63:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	29
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

30 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 63:

TTCCTGCCAT AGGAGATGCC TAAGGCTTT 29

35 (65) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 64:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	28
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

40 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 64:

45 CCCTCAGATC CTGCATATAA GCAGCTGC 28

(66) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 65:

50 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 69:

AUUUGCAUGG CUGCUUGAUG UCCCCCCCACU 30

15 (71) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 70:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 26
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

20 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 70:

25 CUUCCCCUUG GUUCUCUCAU CUGGCC 26

25 (72) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 71:

30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 37
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

35 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 71:

GUCAUCCAUC CUAUUUGUUC CUGAAGGGUA CUAGUAG 37

40 (73) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 72:

40 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

45 (A) LENGTH: 33
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

50 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 72:

50 CUCCUGACCA UGCUGUCAUC AUUUCUUCUA GUG 33

(74) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 73:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	31
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 73:

GUGGAAGCAC AUUGUACUGA UAUCUAAUCC C 31

(75) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 74:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	37
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 74:

GCUCCUCUAU UUUUGUUCUA UGCUGCCUA UUUCUAA 37

(76) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 75:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	23
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 75:

CCUUUGUGUG CUGGUACCCA UGC 23

(77) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 76:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	29
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 76:

5	CUACCUAUUCU UUCCCUCCUGCA CUUGUACCCG	29	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
10	(78) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 77:	77:	(A) LENGTH:
15	AAAGCCUUAAG GCACUCUCCUA UGGCCAGGA	29	(B) TYPE:
20	(i) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 77:		(C) STRANDEDNESS:
25	GCAGCUCGUU AUUAUGCAAGA UCGUAGGG	28	(D) TOPOLOGY:
30	(80) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 79:	79:	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
35	GCAGCUCGUU AUUAUGCAAGA UCGUAGGG	28	(A) LENGTH:
40	(i) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 79:		(B) TYPE:
45	33	33	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
50	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(D) TOPOLOGY:
55	single	single	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
60	linear	linear	(A) LENGTH:
65	79	79	(B) TYPE:
70	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
75	single	single	(D) TOPOLOGY:
80	GCAGCUCGUU AUUAUGCAAGA UCGUAGGG	28	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
85	(80) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 79:	79:	(A) LENGTH:
90	GCAGCUCGUU AUUAUGCAAGA UCGUAGGG	28	(B) TYPE:
95	(i) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 79:		(C) STRANDEDNESS:
100	GCAGCUCGUU AUUAUGCAAGA UCGUAGGG	28	(D) TOPOLOGY:
105	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:		(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
110	(A) LENGTH:		(A) LENGTH:
115	28	28	(B) TYPE:
120	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
125	single	single	(D) TOPOLOGY:
130	linear	linear	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
135	33	33	(A) LENGTH:
140	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(B) TYPE:
145	single	single	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
150	linear	linear	(D) TOPOLOGY:
155	33	33	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
160	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(A) LENGTH:
165	single	single	(B) TYPE:
170	linear	linear	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
175	33	33	(D) TOPOLOGY:
180	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
185	single	single	(A) LENGTH:
190	linear	linear	(B) TYPE:
195	33	33	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
200	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(D) TOPOLOGY:
205	single	single	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
210	linear	linear	(A) LENGTH:
215	33	33	(B) TYPE:
220	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
225	single	single	(D) TOPOLOGY:
230	linear	linear	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
235	33	33	(A) LENGTH:
240	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(B) TYPE:
245	single	single	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
250	linear	linear	(D) TOPOLOGY:
255	33	33	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
260	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(A) LENGTH:
265	single	single	(B) TYPE:
270	linear	linear	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
275	33	33	(D) TOPOLOGY:
280	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
285	single	single	(A) LENGTH:
290	linear	linear	(B) TYPE:
295	33	33	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
300	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(D) TOPOLOGY:
305	single	single	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
310	linear	linear	(A) LENGTH:
315	33	33	(B) TYPE:
320	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
325	single	single	(D) TOPOLOGY:
330	linear	linear	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
335	33	33	(A) LENGTH:
340	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(B) TYPE:
345	single	single	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
350	linear	linear	(D) TOPOLOGY:
355	33	33	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
360	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(A) LENGTH:
365	single	single	(B) TYPE:
370	linear	linear	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
375	33	33	(D) TOPOLOGY:
380	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
385	single	single	(A) LENGTH:
390	linear	linear	(B) TYPE:
395	33	33	(C) STRANDEDNESS:
400	nucleic acid	nucleic acid	(D) TOPOLOGY:

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 80:

AUCUCUAGCA GUGGCGCCCG AACAGGGA 28

5 (82) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 81:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10	(A) LENGTH:	31
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

15 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 81:

CCCAUCUCUC UCCUUCUAGC CUCCGCUAGU C 31

20 (83) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 82:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25	(A) LENGTH:	31
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 82:

30 CAUGGGUAUU ACUUCUGGGC UGAAAGCCUU C 31

35 (84) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 83:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35	(A) LENGTH:	31
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

40 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 83:

45 AGUGGGGGGA CAUCAAGCAG CCAUGCAAA U 31

(85) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 84:

50 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

50	(A) LENGTH:	26
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 84:

GGCCAGAUGA GAGAACCAAG GGGAAAG 26

(86) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 85:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	37
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 85:

CUACUAGUAC CCUUCAGGAA CAAAUAGGAU GGAUGAC 37

(87) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 86:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	33
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 86:

CACUAGAAGA AAUGAUGACA GCAUGUCAGG GAG 33

(88) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 87:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	31
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 87:

GGGAUUAGAU AUCAGUACAA UGUGCUUCCA C 31

(89) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 88:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 37

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 88:

UUAGAAAAUAG GGCAGCAUAG AACAAAAAAUA GAGGAGC 37

10 (90) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 89:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 23
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

15 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 89:

20 GCAUGGUAC CAGCACACAA AGG 23

(91) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 90:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25 (A) LENGTH: 29
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

30 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 90:

GGGUACAGU GCAGGGAAA GAAUAGUAG 29

35 (92) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 91:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

40 (A) LENGTH: 29
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 91:

45 UUCCUGCCAU AGGAGAUGCC UAAGGCUUU 29

(93) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 92:

50

5 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 28
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 92:

15 CCCUCAGAUC CUGCAUAAA GCAGCUGC 28

20 (94) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 93:

25 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

30 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 93:

35 CCCACUGGUU AAGCCUAAU AAAGCUUGCC UUG 33

40 (95) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 94:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

45 (A) LENGTH: 38
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

50 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 94:

55 UCCCUGUUCG GGCGCCACUG CUAGAGAU 38

(96) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 95:

40 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

45 (A) LENGTH: 24
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

50 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 95:

55 CCGCTTAATA CTGACGCTCT CGCA 24

(97) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 96:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

5 (A) LENGTH: 36
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

10 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 96:

GGGATGGAAA GGATCACCAAG CAATATTCCA AAGTAG 36

(98) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 97:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20 (A) LENGTH: 33
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

25 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 97:

CATCCACAAAT TTTAAAAGAA AAGGGGGGAT TGG 33

(99) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 98:

30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35 (A) LENGTH: 24
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

40 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 98:

TGGGCGGGAC TGGGGAGTGG CGAG 24

(100) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 99:

45 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

45 (A) LENGTH: 24
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

50 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 99:

CUCGACGCAG GACUCGGCUU GCUG

24

(101) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 100:

5

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10

(A) LENGTH:	23
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 100:

15

CUCCCCCGCU UAAUACUGAC GCU 23

(102) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 101:

20

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	31
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

25

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 101:

GGCAAAUGGU ACAUCAGGCC AUAUCACCUA G 31

30

(103) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 102:

35

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	25
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

40

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 102:

45

GGGGUGGGCUC CUUCUGAUAA UGCUG 25

(104) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 103:

50

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	26
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

55

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 103:

5 CAGAAGGAGC CACCCACAA GAUUUA 26

(105) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 104:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

10 (A) LENGTH: 27
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 104:

15 GACCAUCAAU GAGGAAGCUG CAGAAUG 27

(106) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 105:

20 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25 (A) LENGTH: 25
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 105:

30 CCCAUUCUGC AGCUUCCUCA UUGAU 25

(107) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 106:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

35 (A) LENGTH: 19
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

40 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 106:

AGUGACAUAG CAGGAACUA 19

(108) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 107:

45 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

50 (A) LENGTH: 26
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 107:

5 CCAUCCUAUU UGUUCCUGAA GGGUAC 26

(109) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 108:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:

(A) LENGTH: 23
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 108:

AGAUUUCUCC UACUGGGGAUA GGU 23

20 (110) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 109:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 30
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 109:

GAAACCUUGU UGAGUCCAAA AUGCGAACCC 30

(111) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 110:

35 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

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(A) LENGTH: 18
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(11) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 116:

UGUGCCCUUC UUUGCCAC 18

(112) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 111:

(1) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

50 (A) LENGTH: 22

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 111:

CAGUACUGGA UGUGGGUGAU GC 22

10 (113) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 112:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 35
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 112:

20 GUCAUGCUAC UUUGGAAUAU UUCUGGGUGAU CCUUU 35

(114) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 113:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 33
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

30 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 113:

CAAUACAUGG AUGAUUUGUA UGUAGGAUCU GAC 33

35 (115) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 114:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 28
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 114:

45 ACCAAAGGAA UGGAGGUUCU UUCUGAUG 28

(116) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 115:

50 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(120) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 119:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

5	(A) LENGTH:	22
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

10 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 119:

CAAAUGGCAG UAUUCAUCCA CA 22

(121) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 120:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15	(A) LENGTH:	23
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 120:

25 GUUUGUAUGU CUGUUGCUAU UAU 23

(122) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 121:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

30	(A) LENGTH:	18
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

35 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 121:

CCCUUCACCU UUCCAGAG 18

(123) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 122:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

40	(A) LENGTH:	27
	(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
	(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
	(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 122:

50

55

5	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:			
10	(124) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 123:			
15	GAGCCUGGA AGCAUCGAG AGAGUCAG 27			
20	(i) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 123:			
25	nucleic acid 21 CUCUCGUCU GUCUCGCU C 21			
30	(125) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 124:			
35	nucleic acid 27 CAGGGACAU UCCGCUGGG ACCUUCCC 27			
40	(i) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 124:			
45	nucleic acid 27 (A) LENGTH: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
50	nucleic acid 27 (C) STRANDEDNESS: 27 CAGGGACAU UCCGCUGGG ACCUUCCC 27			
55	(126) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 125:			
60	nucleic acid 27 (A) LENGTH: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
65	nucleic acid 27 (C) STRANDEDNESS: 27 CAGGGACAU UCCGCUGGG ACCUUCCC 27			
70	(127) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 126:			
75	nucleic acid 27 (A) LENGTH: 27 GUCAUACCA AGAGACCCAG UACAGGC 27			
80	(i) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 125:			
85	nucleic acid 27 (A) LENGTH: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
90	nucleic acid 27 (C) STRANDEDNESS: 27 GUCAUACCA AGAGACCCAG UACAGGC 27			
95	(127) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:			
100	(D) TOPOLOGY: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
105	(C) STRANDEDNESS: 27 (D) TOPOLOGY: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
110	(A) LENGTH: 27 (C) STRANDEDNESS: 27 (D) TOPOLOGY: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
115	(A) LENGTH: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
120	(C) STRANDEDNESS: 27 (D) TOPOLOGY: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
125	(A) LENGTH: 27 (C) STRANDEDNESS: 27 (D) TOPOLOGY: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
130	(A) LENGTH: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
135	(C) STRANDEDNESS: 27 (D) TOPOLOGY: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
140	(A) LENGTH: 27 (C) STRANDEDNESS: 27 (D) TOPOLOGY: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
145	(A) LENGTH: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
150	(C) STRANDEDNESS: 27 (D) TOPOLOGY: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
155	(A) LENGTH: 27 (C) STRANDEDNESS: 27 (D) TOPOLOGY: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			
160	(A) LENGTH: 27 (B) TYPE: nucellic acid			

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 126:

GUACUGGGUC UCUCUGGUUA GACCA 25

5 (128) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 127:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	28
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 127:

15 CACACAACAG ACGGGCACAC ACUACUUG 28

20 (129) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 128:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	25
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 128:

30 CUGAGGGAUC UCUAGUUACC AGAGU 25

(130) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 129:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	23
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS:	single
(D) TOPOLOGY:	linear

40 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 129:

CUCUGGUAAAC UAGAGAUCCC UCA 23

45 (131) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 130:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH:	23
(B) TYPE:	nucleic acid

50

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

5 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 130:

GUUCGGGCGC CACUGCUAGA GAU 23

10 (132) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 131:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

15 (A) LENGTH: 23
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 131:

20 GCAAGCCGAG UCCUGCGUCG AGA 23

(133) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 132:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

25 (A) LENGTH: 24
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

30 (ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 132:

UGCGAGAGCG UCAGUAUUA GCGG 24

35 (134) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 133:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

40 (A) LENGTH: 36
 (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 133:

45 CUACUUUGGA AUAUUGCUGG UGAUCCUUUC CAUCCC 36

(135) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 134:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

50

55

(139) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 138:
 GGGAUGCAA GAUCACAG CAUAUUCCA AGUAG
 36

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 137:
 45
 (A) LENGTH:
 (B) TYPE:
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 (D) TOPOLOGY:
 single
 nucleic acid
 linear

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 50
 (138) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 137:
 CGCUUAUU CUGACGCCU CGCA
 24

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 136:
 55
 (A) LENGTH:
 (B) TYPE:
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 (D) TOPOLOGY:
 single
 nucleic acid
 linear

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 60
 (137) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 136:
 CUCGCCACUC CCAGUCCCG CCAC
 24

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 135:
 65
 (A) LENGTH:
 (B) TYPE:
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 (D) TOPOLOGY:
 single
 nucleic acid
 linear

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 70
 (136) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 135:
 CCAUCGCC CUUUCUUCUU AAAUUGUGG AUG
 33

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 134:
 75
 (A) LENGTH:
 (B) TYPE:
 (C) STRANDEDNESS:
 (D) TOPOLOGY:
 single
 nucleic acid
 linear

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

5
(A) LENGTH: 33
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 138:

10 CAUCCACAAU UUUAAAAGAA AAGGGGGGAU UGG 33

(140) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 139:

15 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

20
(A) LENGTH: 24
(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION : SEQ ID NO: 139:

25 UGGGCAGGGAC UGGGGAGUGG CGAG 24

Claims

30 1. An oligonucleotide consisting essentially of a sequence selected from the group of:

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(SEQ ID NO: 1) GACTAGCGGAGGGCTAGAAGGAGAGAGATGGG,
 (SEQ ID NO: 2) GAAGGCCTTCAGCCCAGAAGTAATACCCATG,
 (SEQ ID NO: 3) ATTTGCATGGCTGCTTGTGATGTCCCCCACT,
 (SEQ ID NO: 4) CTTCCCTTGGTTCTCTCATCTGGCC,
 (SEQ ID NO: 5) GTCATCCATCCTATTTGTTCTGAAGGGTACTAGTAG,
 (SEQ ID NO: 6) CTCCCTGACATGCTGTACATCATTCTTAGTG,
 (SEQ ID NO: 7) GTGGAAGCACATTGTACTGATATCTAATCCC,
 (SEQ ID NO: 8) GCTCCTCTATTTTGTCTATGCTGCCCTATTCTAA,
 (SEQ ID NO: 9) CTTTGTGTGCTGGTACCCATGC,
 (SEQ ID NO: 10) CTACTATTCTTCCCTGCACGTACCCCC,
 (SEQ ID NO: 11) AAAGCCTTAGGCATCTCCTATGGCAGGAA,
 (SEQ ID NO: 12) GCAGCTGCTTATATGCAGGATCTGAGGG,
 (SEQ ID NO: 13) CAAGGCAAGCTTATTGAGGCTTAAGCAGTGGG,
 (SEQ ID NO: 14) ATCTCTAGCAGTGGCGCCGAACAGGGA,
 (SEQ ID NO: 53) CCCATCTCTCTCCTCTAGCCTCCGCTAGTC,
 (SEQ ID NO: 54) CATGGGTATTACTTCTGGGCTGAAAGCCTTC,
 (SEQ ID NO: 55) AGTGGGGGGACATCAAGCAGCCATGCAAAT,
 (SEQ ID NO: 56) GGCCAGATGAGAGAACCAAGGGGÅAG,
 (SEQ ID NO: 57) CTACTAGTACCCCTCAGGAACAAATAGGATGGATGAC,
 (SEQ ID NO: 58) CACTAGAAGAAATGATGACAGCATGTCAGGGAG,
 (SEQ ID NO: 59) GGGATTAGATATCAGTACAATGTGCTTCCAC,
 (SEQ ID NO: 60) TTAGAAATAGGGCAGCATAGAACAAAAATAGAGGAGC,
 (SEQ ID NO: 61) GCATGGGTACCAAGCACACAAAGG,
 (SEQ ID NO: 62) GGGGTACAGTGCAGGGAAAGAATAGTAG,
 (SEQ ID NO: 63) TTCCCTGCCATAGGAGATGCCTAAGGCTT,
 (SEQ ID NO: 64) CCCTCAGATCCTGCATATAAGCAGCTGC,
 (SEQ ID NO: 65) CCCACTGCTTAAGCCTCAATAAAGCTTGCCTTG,
 (SEQ ID NO: 66) TCCCTGTTGGCGCCACTGCTAGAGAT,
 (SEQ ID NO: 67) GACUAGCGGAGGCUAGAAGGAGAGAGAUGGG,

5 (SEQ ID NO:68) GAAGGCUUUCAGCCCAGAAGUAAUACCCAUG,
(SEQ ID NO:69) AUUUGCAUGGCUGCUUGAUGUCCCCCACU,
(SEQ ID NO:70) CUUCCCCUUGGUUCUCUCAUCUGGCC,
(SEQ ID NO:71) GUCAUCCAUCCUAUUUGUUCCUGAAGGGUACUAGUAG,
(SEQ ID NO:72) CUCCCUGACAUUGCUGUCAUCAUUUCUUCUAGUG,
(SEQ ID NO:73) GUGGAAGCACAUUGUACUGAUAAUCUAAUCCC,
10 (SEQ ID NO:74) GCUCCUCUAUUUUUGUUCUAUGCUGCCUAUUUCUAA,
(SEQ ID NO:75) CCUUUGUGUGCUGGUACCCAUGC,
(SEQ ID NO:76) CUACUAUUCUUUCCCCUGCACUGUACCCC,
(SEQ ID NO:77) AAAGCCUUAGGCAUCUCCUAUGGCAGGAA,
15 (SEQ ID NO:78) GCAGCUGCUIJUAUAUGCAGGAUCUGAGGG,
(SEQ ID NO:79) CAAGGCAAGCUUUAUUGAGGCUUAAGCAGUGGG,
(SEQ ID NO:80) AUCUCUAGCAGUGGCGCCCGAACAGGGA,
20 (SEQ ID NO:81) CCCAUCUCUCUCCUUCUAGCCUCCGUAGUC,
(SEQ ID NO:82) CAUGGGUAUUACUUCUGGGCUGAAAGCCUUC,
(SEQ ID NO:83) AGUGGGGGGACAUCAAGCAGCCAUGCAAAU,
25 (SEQ ID NO:84) GCCCAGAUGAGAGAACCAAGGGGAAG,
(SEQ ID NO:85) CUACUAGUACCCUUCAGGAACAAUAGGAUGGAUGAC,
(SEQ ID NO:86) CACUAGAAGAAAUGAUGACAGCAUGUCAGGGAG,
30 (SEQ ID NO:87) GGGAUUAGAUUAUCAGUACAAUGUGCUUCCAC,
(SEQ ID NO:88) UUAGAAAUAAGGCAGCAUAGAACAAAAAUAGAGGAGO,
(SEQ ID NO:89) GCAUGGGUACCAGCACACAAAGG,
35 (SEQ ID NO:90) GGGGUACAGUGCAGGGAAAGAAUAGUAG,
(SEQ ID NO:91) UUCCUGCCAUGGAGAUGCCUAAGGCUUU,
(SEQ ID NO:92) CCCUCAGAUCCUGCAUUAAGCAGCUGC,
(SEQ ID NO:93) CCCACUGCUUAAGCCUAAUAAAAGCUUGCCUJG, and
(SEQ ID NO:94) UCCCUGUUCGGCGCCACUGCUAGAGAU.

45 2. A nucleic acid hybrid formed between an oligonucleotide of claim 1 and a nucleotide polymer sufficiently complementary thereto to allow hybridization under stringent hybridization conditions.

3. A probe mix comprising an oligonucleotide of claim 1 and a helper probe.

4. A probe mix as claimed in claim 3, wherein said helper probe is an oligonucleotide having a sequence selected from the group consisting of the oligonucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO: 15) TGCGAGAGCGT-CAGTATTAAAGCGG, complementary oligonucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO: 95) CCGCTTAACTGACGCTCTCGCA, and RNA equivalents thereto (SEQ ID NO: 132) UGCGAGAGCGU-CAGUAUUAAGCGG, and (SEQ ID NO: 136) CCGCUUAAUACUGACGCCUCUGCA; or
50 said helper probe is an oligonucleotide having a sequence selected from the group consisting of the oligonucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO: 16) CTACTTTGGAATATTGCTGGTGATCCTTCCATCCC, the complementary oligonucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO: 96) GGGATGGAAAGGATCACCAGCAATTCCAAAGTAG, and RNA equivalents thereto (SEQ ID NO: 133) CUACUUUGGAAUUAUUGCUGGUGAUCCUUUCCAUCCC, and (SEQ ID NO: 137) GGGAUUGGAAAG-GAUCACCAGCAAAUUAUCCCAAAGUAG; or
55

said helper

probe is an oligonucleotide having a sequence selected from the group consisting of the oligonucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO: 17) CCAATCCCCCTTTCTTTAAAATTGTGGATG, the complementary oligonucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO: 97) CATCCACAATTTAAAAGAAAAGGGGGATTGG and RNA equivalents thereto (SEQ ID NO: 134) CCAAUCCCCCUUUUCUUUUAAAUAUUGUGGAUG and (SEQ ID NO: 138) CAUCCACAAUUUUAAAAGAAAAGGGGGAUUGG ; or

said helper

probe is an oligonucleotide having a sequence selected from the group consisting of the oligonucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO: 18) CTCGCCACTCCCCAGTCCC GCCCA, the complementary oligonucleotide sequence (SEQ ID NO: 98)

TGGGCGGGACTGGGGAGTGGCGAG, and RNA equivalents thereto (SEQ ID NO: 135) CUCGCCA-CUCCCCAGUCCCGCCCA and (SEQ ID NO: 139) UGGGCGGGACUGGGGAGUGGGCGAG.

5. An oligonucleotide consisting essentially of a sequence selected from the group of:

15 SEQ. ID. No. 5: GTCATCCATCCTATTGTTCTGAAGGGTACTAGTAG ,

SEQ. ID. No. 10: CTACTATTCTTCCCCCTGCAGTGTACCCC ,

SEQ. ID. No. 71: GUCAUCCAUCCUAUUUGUUCCUGAAGGGUACUAGUAG , and

20 SEQ. ID. No. 76: CUACUAUUCUUUCCCCUGCACUGUACCCC .

6. The oligonucleotide of claim 5, having a sequence of GTCATCCATCCTATTGTTCTGAAGGGTACTAGTAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 5) or its RNA equivalent GUCAUCCAUCCUAUUUGUUCCUGAAGGGUACUAGUAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 71).

25 7. The oligonucleotide of claim 5, having a sequence of CTACTATTCTTCCCCCTGCAGTGTACCCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 10) or its RNA equivalent CUACUAUUCUUUCCCCUGCACUGUACCCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 76).

30 8. An oligonucleotide consisting essentially of between 10 and 100 nucleotides, sufficiently complementary to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID. No. 1: 5'-GACTAGCGGAGGCTAGAAGGGAGAGATGGG-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 53: 5'-CCCATCTCTCCTCTAGCCTCCGCTAGTC-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 67: 5'-GACUAGCGGAGGCUGAAGGGAGAGAUGGG-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 81: 5'-CCCAUCUCUCUCCUU-CUAGCCUCCCGCUAGUC-3', to form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C ; or

35 sufficiently complementary

to a nucleotide polymer having nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID.

No. 2: 5'-GAAGGCTTCAGCCCAGAAGTAATACCCATG-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 54: 5'-CATGGGTAT-

40 TACTTCTGGGCTGAAAGCCTTC-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 68: 5'-GAAGG-

CUUUCAGCCCAGAAGUAAUACCCAUG-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 82: 5'-CAUGGGUAUUACUUCUGGGCU-

GAAAGCCUUC-3', to form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C ; or

45 sufficiently complementary

to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID.

No. 3: 5'-ATTTGCATGGCTGTTGATGTCCCCCACT-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 55: 5'-AGTGGGGGGACAT-

50 CAAGCAGCCATGCAAAT-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 69: 5'-AUUUGCAUGG-

CUGCUUGAUGUCCCCCCCACU-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 83: 5'-AGUGGGGGGACAUCAAGCAGCCAUG-

CAAU-3', to form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C ; or

55 sufficiently complementary

to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID.

No. 4: 5'-CTTCCCCTGGTTCTCATCTGGCC-3', and SEQ. ID. No. 56: 5'-GGCCAGATGAGAGAAC-

CAAGGGGAAG-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 70: 5'-CUUCCCCUUGGUUCU-

CAUCUGGCC-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 84: 5'-GGCCAGAUGAGAGAACCAAGGGGAAG-3', to form a hybrid

in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C ; or

60 sufficiently complementary

to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID.

No. 5: 5'-GTCATCCATCCTATTGTTCTGAAGGGTACTAGTAG-3', and SEQ. ID. No. 57: 5'-CTACTAG-

65 TACCCTTCAGGAACAAATAGGATGGATGAC-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 71: 5-

GUCAUCCAUCUAUUUGUUCUGAAGGGUACUAGUAG-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 85: 5'-CUACUA-GUACCCUUCAGGAACAAUAGGAUGGAUGAC-3', to form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C; or
 5 sufficiently complementary
 to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID. No. 6: 5'-CTCCCTGACATGCTCATCTTCTTAGTG-3', and SEQ. ID. No. 58: 5'-CACTAGAA-GAAATGATGACAGCATGTCAGGGAG-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 72: 5'-CUCC-CUGACAUGCUGUCAUCAUUUCUUCUAGUG-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 86: 5'-CACUAGAAGAAAUGAUGA-CAGCAUGUCAGGGAG-3', to form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at
 10 60°C; or
 sufficiently complementary
 to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID. No. 7: 5'-GTGGAAGCACATTGACTGATATCTAATCCC-3', and SEQ. ID. No. 59: 5'-GGGATTAGATAT-CAGTACAATGTGCTTCCAC-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 73: 5'-GUGGAAGCA-CAUUGUACUGUAUCUAAUCCC-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 87: 5'-GGGAUAGAUUAUCAGUACAAUUGUG-CUUCCAC-3', to form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C; or
 15 sufficiently complementary
 to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID. No. 8: 5'-GCTCCTCTATTTTGTCTATGCTGCCCTATTTCTAA-3', and SEQ. ID. No. 60: 5'-TTAGAAA-TAGGGCAGCATAGAACAAAAATAGAGGGAGC-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 74: 5'-GCUCCUCUAUUUUUGUUCUAUGCUGCCCUUUUCUAA-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 88: 5'-UUA-GAAAAGGGCAGCAUAGAACAAAAUAGAGGGAGC-3', to form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C ; or
 20 sufficiently complementary
 to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID. No. 9: 5'-CCTTGTGTGCTGGTACCCATGC-3', and SEQ. ID. No. 61: 5'-GCATGGGTACAGCACAAAGG-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 75: 5'-CCUUUGUGUGGUACCGAUGC-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 89: 5'-GCAUGGGUACCAAGCACAAAGG-3', to form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C ; or
 25 sufficiently complementary
 to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID. No. 10: 5'-CTACTATTCTTCCCCTGCACTGTACCCC-3', and SEQ. ID. No. 62: 5'-GGGGTACAGTG-CAGGGGAAAGAATAGTAG-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 76: 5'-CUACUAUU-CUUUCCCCUGCACUGUACCCC-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 90: 5'-GGGUACAGUGCAGGGAAAGAAUA-GUAG-3', to form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C ; or
 30 sufficiently complementary
 to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID. No. 11: 5'-AAAGCCTTAGGCATCTCCTATGGCAGGAA-3', and SEQ. ID. No. 63: 5'-TTCCTGCCATAGGA-GATGCCTAAGGCTTT-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 77: 5'-AAAGCCUUAGGCAU-CUCCUAUGGCAGGAA-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 91: 5'-UCCUGCCAUAGGAGAUGCCUAAGGCUUU-3', to
 35 form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C ; or
 sufficiently complementary
 to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID. No. 11: 5'-AAAGCCTTAGGCATCTCCTATGGCAGGAA-3', and SEQ. ID. No. 63: 5'-TTCCTGCCATAGGA-GATGCCTAAGGCTTT-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 77: 5'-AAAGCCUUAGGCAU-CUCCUAUGGCAGGAA-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 91: 5'-UCCUGCCAUAGGAGAUGCCUAAGGCUUU-3', to
 40 form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C ; or
 sufficiently complementary
 to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID. No. 12: 5'-GCAGCTGCTTATATGCAGGATCTGAGGG-3', and SEQ. ID. No. 64: 5'-CCCTCAGATCCTG-CATATAAGCAGCTGC-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 78: 5'-GCAGCUGCUUAUAG-CAGGAUCUGAGGG-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 92: 5'-CCUCAGAUCCUGCAUUAAGCAGCUGC-3', to form
 45 a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C ; or
 sufficiently complementary
 to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID. No. 13: 5'-CAAGGCAAGCTTATTGAGGCTTAAGCAGTGGG-3', and SEQ. ID. No. 65: 5'-CCCACTGCT-TAAGCCTCAATAAGCTTGCCTG-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 79: 5'-CAAGG-CAAGCUUUUAUUGAGGCUUAAGCAGUGGG-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 93: 5'-CCCACUGCUAAGCCU-CAAUAAAGCUUUGCCUUG-3', to form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at
 50 60°C ; or
 sufficiently complementary
 to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID. No. 13: 5'-CAAGGCAAGCTTATTGAGGCTTAAGCAGTGGG-3', and SEQ. ID. No. 65: 5'-CCCACTGCT-TAAGCCTCAATAAGCTTGCCTG-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 79: 5'-CAAGG-CAAGCUUUUAUUGAGGCUUAAGCAGUGGG-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 93: 5'-CCCACUGCUAAGCCU-CAAUAAAGCUUUGCCUUG-3', to form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at
 55 60°C ; or
 sufficiently complementary
 to a nucleotide polymer having a nucleotide base sequence selected from a group consisting of SEQ. ID. No. 14: 5'-ATCTCTAGCAGTGGCGCCCACTGCTAGAGAT-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 80: 5'-AU-TCCCTGTTGGCGCCACTGCTAGAGAT-3', and the RNA equivalents thereto, SEQ. ID. No. 80: 5'-AU-

CUCUAGCAGUGGCGCCCGAACAGGGA-3' and SEQ. ID. No. 94: 5'-UCCCUUUUCGGGCGCCACUG-CUAGAGAU-3', to form a hybrid in 0.05 M lithium succinate buffer containing 0.6 M LiCl at 60°C.

9. An oligonucleotide selected from the group consisting of:

5 (X) CTCGACGCAGGACTCGGCTTGCTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 19),
(X) CTCCCCCGCTTAATACTGACGCT (SEQ. ID. NO. 20),
(X) GGCAAATGGTACATCAGGCCATATCACCTAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 21),
10 (X) GGGGTGGCTCCTCTGATAATGCTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 22),
(X) CAGAAGGAGCCACCCCACAAGATTAA (SEQ. ID. NO. 23),
(X) GACCATCAATGAGGAAGCTGCAGAATG (SEQ. ID. NO. 24),
15 (X) CCCATTCTGCAGCTTCCTCATTGAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 25),
(X) AGTGACATAGCAGGAACTA (SEQ. ID. NO. 26),
(X) CCATCCTATTTGTTCTGAAGGGTAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 27),
20 (X) AGATTCTCCTACTGGGATAGGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 28),

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5 (X) GAAACCTTGTGAGTCCAAATGCGAACCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 29),
(X) TGTGCCCTTCTTGCCAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 30),
(X) CAGTACTGGATGTGGGTGATGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 31),
10 (X) GTCATGCTACTTGGAAATATTCTGGTGATCCTT (SEQ. ID. NO. 32),
(X) CAATACATGGATGATTGTATGTAGGATCTGAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 33),
(X) ACCAAAGGAATGGAGGTTCTTCTGATG (SEQ. ID. NO. 34),
15 (X) GCATTAGGAATCATTCAAGCACAACCAAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 35),
(X) GCACTGACTAATTATCTACTTGTTCATTCCCTC (SEQ. ID. NO. 36),
(X) GGGATTGGAGGAAATGAACAAGTAGATAAATTAGTCAG (SEQ. ID. NO.
37),
(X) TGTGTACAATCTAGTTGCCATATTCCCTGGACTACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 38),
20 (X) CAAATGGCAGTATTCATCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 39),
(X) GTTTGTATGTCTGTTGCTATTAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 40),
(X) CCCTTCACCTTCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 41),
25 (X) GAGCCCTGGAAGCATCCAGGAAGTCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 42),
(X) CTTCGTCGCTGTCTCCGCTTC (SEQ. ID. NO. 43),
(X) CAAGGGACTTCCGCTGGGGACTTTCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 44),
30 (X) GTCTAACCAAGAGAGACCCAGTACAGGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 45),
(X) GTACTGGGTCTCTGGTTAGACCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 46),
(X) CACACAAACAGACGGGCACACACTACTTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 47),
35 (X) CTGAGGGATCTCTAGTTACCAAGAGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 48),
(X) CTCTGGTAACTAGAGATCCCTCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 49),
(X) GTTCGGGCGCCACTGCTAGAGAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 50),
40 (X) GCAAGCCGAGTCCTGCGTCGAGA (SEQ. ID. NO. 51),
(X) CUCGACGCAGGACUCGGCUUGCUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 99),
(X) CUCCCCCGCUUAAUACUGACGCU (SEQ. ID. NO. 100),
45 (X) GGCAAAUGGUACAUCAUCAGGCCAUUAUCACCUAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 101),
(X) GGGGUGGCCUCCUUCUGAUAAUGCUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 102),
(X) CAGAAGGAGCCACCCACAAGAUUUA (SEQ. ID. NO. 103),
(X) GACCAUCAUAGAGGAAGCUGCAGAAUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 104),
50 (X) CCCAUUCUGCAGCUUCCUCAUUGAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 105),
(X) AGUGACAUAGCAGGAACUA (SEQ. ID. NO. 106),
(X) CCAUCCUAUUUGUUCCUGAAGGGUAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 107),

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(X) AGAUUUCUCCUACUGGGAUAGGU (SEQ. ID. NO. 108),
 (X) GAAACCUUGUUGAGUCAAAAUGCGAACCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 109),
 (X) UGUGCCCUUCUUUGCCAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 110),
 5 (X) CAGUACUGGAUGUGGGUGAUGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 111),
 (X) GUCAUGCUACUUUUGGAAUAAUUCUGGUGAUCCUUU (SEQ. ID. NO. 112),
 (X) CAAUACAUGGAUGAUUUGUAUGUAGGAUCUGAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 113),
 10 (X) ACCAAAGGAAUGGAGGUUCUUUCUGAUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 114),
 (X) GCAUUAGGAAUCAUCAAGCACAAACCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 115),
 (X) GCACUGACUAAUUAUCUACUUGUUCAUUUCCUC (SEQ. ID. NO. 116),
 15 (X) GGGAUUUGGAGGAAUAGAACAGUAGAUAAAAGUCAG (SEQ. ID. NO.
 117),
 (X) UGUGUACAAUCUAGUUGCCAUUUCCUGGACUACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 118),
 (X) CAAAUGGCAGUAUUCAUCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 119),
 20 (X) GUUUGUAUGUCUGUUGCUAUUAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 120),
 (X) CCCUUCACCUUUCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 121),
 (X) GAGCCCUGGAAGCAUCCAGGAAGUCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 122),
 25 (X) CUUCGUCGCUGUCUCCGCUUC (SEQ. ID. NO. 123),
 (X) CAAGGGACUUUCCGCUGGGGACUUUCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 124),
 (X) GUCUAACCAGAGAGACCCAGUACAGGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 125),
 30 (X) GUACUGGGUCUCUCUGGUAGACCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 126),
 (X) CACACAAACAGACGGGCACACACUACUUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 127),
 (X) CUGAGGGAUCUCUAGUUACCAAGAGU (SEQ. ID. NO. 128),
 35 (X) CUCUGGUAACUAGAGAUCCCCUCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 129),
 (X) GUUCGGGCGCCACUGCUAGAGAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 130), and
 (X) GCAAGCCGAGUCCUGCGUCGAGA (SEQ. ID. NO. 131),

40 where (X) is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence that is recognized by an RNA polymerase or
 which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase.

10. An oligonucleotide selected from the group of oligonucleotides consisting of:

(X) AGTGACATAGCAGGAACTA (SEQ. ID. NO. 26)
 45 (X) AGATTTCTCCTACTGGGATAGGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 28)
 (X) CAAATGGCAGTATTCACTCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 39)
 (X) GTTTGTATGTCTGTTGCTATTAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 40)
 50 (X) CCCTTCACCTTCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 41)
 (X) AGUGACAUAGCAGGAACUA (SEQ. ID. NO. 106)
 (X) AGAUUUCUCCUACUGGGAUAGGU (SEQ. ID. NO. 108)
 55 (X) CAAAUGGCAGUAUUCAUCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 119)
 (X) GUUUGUAUGUCUGUUGCUAUUAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 120) and
 (X) CCCUUCACCUUUCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 121),

where (X) is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence that is recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase.

11. A kit comprising two oligonucleotides selected from the group consisting of:

5 (X) CTCGACGCAGGACTCGGCTTGCTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 19),
(X) CTCCCCCGCTTAATACTGACGCT (SEQ. ID. NO. 20),
10 (X) GGCAAATGGTACATCAGGCCATATCACCTAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 21),
(X) GGGGTGGCTCCTTCTGATAATGCTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 22),
(X) CAGAAGGAGCCACCCACAAAGATTTA (SEQ. ID. NO. 23),
15 (X) GACCATCAATGAGGAAGCTGCAGAATG (SEQ. ID. NO. 24),
(X) CCCATTCTGCAGCTTCCTCATTGAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 25),
(X) AGTGACATAGCAGGAACTA (SEQ. ID. NO. 26),
20 (X) CCATCCTATTGTTCCCTGAAGGGTAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 27),
(X) AGATTTCTCCTACTGGGATAGGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 28),
(X) GAAACCTTGGTGAAGTCCAAAATGCGAACCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 29),
25 (X) TGTGCCCTTCTTGCCAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 30),
(X) CAGTACTGGATGTGGGTGATGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 31),
(X) GTCATGCTACTTTGGAATATTCTGGTGATCCTT (SEQ. ID. NO. 32),
(X) CAATACATGGATGATTGTATGTAGGATCTGAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 33),
30 (X) ACCAAAGGAATGGAGGTTCTTCTGATG (SEQ. ID. NO. 34),
(X) GCATTAGGAATCATTCAAGCACAACCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 35),
(X) GCACTGACTAATTATCTACTTGTTCAATTCTC (SEQ. ID. NO. 36),

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(X) GGGATTGGAGGAAATGAACAGTAGATAAAATTAGTCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 37),
 (X) TGTGTACAATCTAGTTGCCATATTCCCTGGACTACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 38),
 (X) CAAATGGCAGTATTCCATCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 39),
 (X) GTTTGTATGTCGTGCTATTAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 40),
 (X) CCCTTCACCTTCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 41),
 (X) GAGCCCTGGAAGCATCCAGGAAGTCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 42),
 (X) CTTCGTCGCTGTCTCCGCTTC (SEQ. ID. NO. 43),
 (X) CAAGGGACTTTCCGCTGGGGACTTTCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 44),
 (X) GTCTAACCAAGAGAGACCCAGTACAGGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 45),
 (X) GTACTGGGTCTCTCTGGTTAGACCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 46),
 (X) CACACAACAGACGGGCACACACTACTTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 47),
 (X) CTGAGGGATCTCTAGTTACCAGAGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 48),
 (X) CTCTGGTAACTAGAGATCCCTCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 49),
 (X) GTTCGGGCGCCACTGCTAGAGAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 50),
 (X) GCAAGCCGAGTCCTGCGTCGAGA (SEQ. ID. NO. 51),
 (X) CUCGACGCAGGACUCGGCUUGCUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 99),
 (X) CUCCCCCGCUUAUACUGACGCU (SEQ. ID. NO. 100),
 (X) GGCAAAUGGUACAUCAUCAGGCCAUUAUCACCUAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 101),
 (X) GGGGUGGGCUCCUUCUGUAUAUGCUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 102),
 (X) CAGAAGGAGCCACCCCACAAGAUUA (SEQ. ID. NO. 103),
 (X) GACCAUCAAUGAGGAAGCUGCAGAAUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 104),
 (X) CCCAUUCUGCAGCUUCCUCAUUGAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 105),
 (X) AGUGACAUAGCAGGAACUA (SEQ. ID. NO. 106),
 (X) CCAUCCUAUUUGUUCCUGAAGGGUAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 107),
 (X) AGAUUUCUCCUACUGGGAUAGGU (SEQ. ID. NO. 108),
 (X) GAAACCUUGGUUGAGUCCAAAUGCGAACCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 109),
 (X) UGUGCCCUUCUUUGCCAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 110),
 (X) CAGUACUGGAUGUGGGUGAUGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 111),
 (X) GUCAUGCUACUUUGGAAUUAUUCUGGUGAUCCUUU (SEQ. ID. NO. 112),
 (X) CAAUACAUGGAUGAUUUGUAUGUAGGAUCUGAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 113),
 (X) ACCAAAGGAAUGGAGGUUCUUUCUGAUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 114),
 (X) GCAUUAGGAAUCAUCAAGCACAACCAAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 115),

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(X) GCACUGACUAUUUAUCUACUUGUUCAUUUCCUC (SEQ. ID. NO. 116),
 (X) GGGAUUGGAGGAAAUGAACAGUAGAUAAAUAUGUCAG (SEQ. ID. NO.
 5 117),
 (X) UGUGUACAAUCUAGUUGCCAUAUUCUGGACUACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 118),
 (X) CAAUUGGCAGUAUUCAUCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 119),
 10 (X) GUUUGUAUGUCUGUUGCUAUUAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 120),
 (X) CCCUUCACCUUUCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 121),
 (X) GAGCCCUGGAAGCAUCCAGGAAGUCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 122),
 15 (X) CUUCGUCGCUGUCUCCGCUUC (SEQ. ID. NO. 123),
 (X) CAAGGGACUUUCCGCUGGGACUUUCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 124),
 (X) GUCUAACCAGAGAGACCCAGUACAGGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 125),
 20 (X) GUACUGGGUCUCUGGUUAGACCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 126),
 (X) CACACAAACAGACGGGCACACACUACUUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 127),
 (X) CUGAGGGAUUCUAGUUACCAGAGU (SEQ. ID. NO. 128),
 25 (X) CUCUGGUACUAGAGAUCCCCUCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 129),
 (X) GUUCGGGCACUGCUAGAGAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 130), and
 (X) GCAAGCCGAGUCCUGCGUCGAGA (SEQ. ID. NO. 131),

30 where (X) is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence that is recognized by an RNA polymerase or
 which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase.

35 12. A kit comprising two oligonucleotides selected from the group consisting of:

(X) AGTGACATAGCAGGAACTA (SEQ. ID. NO. 26)
 (X) AGATTTCTCCTACTGGGATAGGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 28)
 (X) CAAATGGCAGTATTCCATCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 39)
 40 (X) GTTTGTATGTCTGTTGCTATTAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 40)
 (X) CCCTTCACCTTCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 41)
 (X) AGUGACAUAGCAGGAACUA (SEQ. ID. NO. 106)
 (X) AGAUUUCUCCUACUGGGAUAGGU (SEQ. ID. NO. 108)
 45 (X) CAAUUGGCAGUAUUCAUCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 119)
 (X) GUUUGUAUGUCUGUUGCUAUUAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 120) and
 (X) CCCUUCACCUUUCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 121),

50 where (X) is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence that is recognized by an RNA polymerase or
 which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase.

55 13. A kit comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)CTCGACGCAG-GACTCGGCTTGCTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 19) or its RNA equivalent (X)CUCGACGCAGGACUCGGCUUG-CUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 99), and (X)CTCCCCCGCTTAACTGACGCT (SEQ. ID. NO. 20) or its RNA equivalent (X)CUCCCCCGCUUAAUCUGACGCU (SEQ. ID. NO. 100), and SEQ. ID. NO. 1: GACTAGCG-GAGGCTAGAAGGAGAGAGATGGG or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 67: GACUAGCGGAGGCUA-GAAGGAGAGAGAUGGG, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA

polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase ; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)GGCAAATGGTACATCAGGCCA-
 TATCACCTAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 21) or its RNA equivalent (X)GGCAAUUGGUACAUUCAGGCCAUUAUCAC-
 CUAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 101), and (X)GGGGTGGCTCCTCTGATAATGCTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 22) or its RNA
 equivalent (X)GGGGUGGUCCUUCUGAUAAUGCUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 102), and SEQ. ID. NO. 2:
 GAAGGCTTCAGCCCAGAAGTAATACCCATG or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 68: GAAGGCUUU-
 CAGCCCAGAAGUAAUACCCAUG, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized
 by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)CAGAAGGAGCCACCCACAA-
 GATTAA (SEQ. ID. NO. 23) or its RNA equivalent (X)CAGAAGGAGCCACCCACAAAGAUUUA (SEQ. ID.
 NO. 103), and (X)CCATTCTGCAGCTCCTCATTGAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 25) or its RNA equivalent
 (X)CCCAUUCUGCAGCUUCCUCAUUGAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 105), and SEQ. ID. NO. 3: ATTTG-
 CATGGCTGCTTGATGTCCCCCCCT or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 69: AUUUGCAUGGCUG-
 CUUGAUGUCCCCCACU, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an
 RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase ; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)GACCATAATGAGGAAGCTG-
 CAGAATG (SEQ. ID. NO. 24) or its RNA equivalent (X)GACCAUAAUGAGGAAGCUGCAGAAUG (SEQ.
 ID. NO. 104), and (X)CCATCCTATTGTTCTGAAGGGTAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 27) or its RNA equivalent
 (X)CCAUCCAUUUUGUUCUCAUUGGUAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 107), and SEQ. ID. NO. 4:
 CTTCCCTGGTTCTCATCTGGCC or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 70: CUUCCCCUUGGUUCU-
 CUCAUCUGGCC, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA poly-
 merase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)AGTGACATAGCAGGAACTA
 (SEQ. ID. NO. 26) or its RNA equivalent (X)AGUGACAUAGCAGGAACUA (SEQ. ID. NO. 106), and
 (X)AGATTTCTCCTACTGGGATAGGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 28) or its RNA equivalent (X)AGAUUUCUCCUA-
 CUGGGAUAGGU (SEQ. ID. NO. 108), and SEQ. ID. NO. 5: GTCATCCATCCTATTGTTCTGAAGGG-
 TACTAGTAG or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 71: GUCAUCCAUCCAUUUUGUUCUCAUAGGU-
 CUAGUAG, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase
 or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase ; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)GAAACCTTGTGAGTC-
 CAAAATGCGAACCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 29) or its RNA equivalent (X)GAAACCUUGUUGAGUCCAAAUGC-
 GAACCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 109), and (X)TGTGCCCTTCTTGCCAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 30) or its RNA equivalent
 (X)UGUGCCCUUUCUUGGCCAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 110), and SEQ. ID. NO. 6: CTCCCTGACATGCTGTCA-
 CATTCTCTAGTG or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 72: CUCCUGACAUUCUGUCAUCAUUUCUU-
 CUAGUG, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or
 which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase ; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)CAGTACTGGATGTGGGT-
 GATGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 31) or its RNA equivalent (X)CAGUACUGGAUGUGGGUGAUGC (SEQ. ID. NO.
 111), and (X)GTCATGCTACTTGGAAATTCTGGTGTATCCTT (SEQ. ID. NO. 32) or its RNA equivalent
 (X)GUCAUGCUACUUUUGGAAUUAUUCUGGGUGAUCCUUU (SEQ. ID. NO. 112), and SEQ. ID. NO. 7:
 GTGGAAAGCACATTGACTGTATCTAATCCC or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 73: GUGGAAGCA-
 CAUUGUACUGAUUAUCUAAUCCC, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized
 by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation. by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)CAATACATGGATTTGTATG-
 TAGGATCTGAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 33) or its RNA equivalent (X)CAAUACAUGGAUGAUUUGUAUGUAG-
 GAUCUGAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 113), and (X)ACCAAAGGAATGGAGGTTCTTCTGATG (SEQ. ID. NO. 34)
 or its RNA equivalent (X)ACCAAAGGAUUGGAGGUUCUUUCUGAUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 114), and SEQ. ID.
 NO. 8: GCTCCTCTATTGTTCTATGCTGCCCTATTCTAA or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 74:
 GCUCCUCUAUUUUGUUCUCAUUCUGCCCUUUUCUAA, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleo-
 tide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA
 polymerase; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)GCATTAGGAATCATTCAAGCA-
 CAACCCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 35) or its RNA equivalent (X)GCAUUAGGAAUCAUUCAGCACACCCAG
 (SEQ. ID. NO. 115), and (X)GCACTGACTAATTATCTACTTGTTCATTCCTC (SEQ. ID. NO. 36) or its
 RNA equivalent (X)GCACUGACUAAUUAUCUACUUGUCAUUCUCCUC (SEQ. ID. NO. 116), and SEQ.
 ID. NO. 9: CCTTTGTGTGCTGGTACCCATGC or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 75: CCUUUGUGUG-
 CUGGUACCCAUGC, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA poly-
 merase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or

comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)GGGATTGGAGGAAATGAA-
 CAAGTAGATAAATTAGTCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 37) or its RNA equivalent (X)GGGAUUGGAGGAAUAGAA-
 CAAGUAGAUAAAUAUAGUCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 117), and (X)TGTGTACAATCTAGTTGCCATATTCCTG-
 GACTACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 38) or its RNA equivalent (X)UGUGUACAAUCUAGUUGCCAUAUUCUGGA-
 CUACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 118), where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an
 5 RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)CAAATGGCAGTATTCCATCCACA
 (SEQ. ID. NO. 39) or its RNA equivalent (X)CAAUAUGGCAGUAUUCAUCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 119), and
 10 (X)GTTTGTATGTCGTTGCTATTAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 40) or its RNA equivalent (X)GUUUUGUAUGUCU-
 GUUGCUAUUAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 120), and SEQ. ID. NO. 10: CTACTATTCTTCCCCTGCACTGTACCCC
 or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 76: CUACUAUUCUUUCCCCUGCACUGUACCCC, where X is nothing
 15 or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation
 or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)CAAATGGCAGTATTCCATCCACA
 (SEQ. ID. NO. 39) or its RNA equivalent (X)CAAUAUGGCAGUAUUCAUCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 119), and
 20 (X)CCCTTCACCTTCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 41) or its RNA equivalent (X)CCCUUCACCUUUCAGAG
 (SEQ. ID. NO. 121), and SEQ. ID. NO. 10: CTACTATTCTTCCCCTGCACTGTACCCC or its RNA equivalent
 SEQ. ID. NO. 76: CUACUAUUCUUUCCCCUGCACUGUACCCC, where X is nothing or comprises
 25 a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by
 an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)GAGCCCTGGAAGCATCCAG-
 GAAGTCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 42) or its RNA equivalent (X)GAGCCCUGGAAGCAUCCAGGAAGUCAG
 (SEQ. ID. NO. 122), and (X)CTTCGTCGCTGTCTCCGCTTC (SEQ. ID. NO. 43) or its RNA equivalent
 30 (X)CUUCGUCGCUGUCUCCGCUUC (SEQ. ID. NO. 123), and SEQ. ID. NO. 11: AAAGCCTTAGG-
 CATCTCCTATGGCAGGAA or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 77: AAAGCCUUAGGCAUCUCCUAUGG-
 CAGGAA, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or
 35 which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)CAAGGGACTTCCGCTGGG-
 GACTTTCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 44) or its RNA equivalent (X)CAAGGGACUUUCCGCUUGGGACUUUCC
 (SEQ. ID. NO. 124), and (X)GTCTAACCAAGAGAGACCCAGTACAGGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 45) or its RNA
 40 equivalent (X)GCUAACACCAGAGAGACCCAGUACAGGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 125), and SEQ. ID. NO. 12:
 GCAGCTGCTTATATGCAGGATCTGAGGG or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 78: GCAGCUG-
 CUUUAUGCAGGAUCUGAGGG, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized
 45 by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)GTACTGGGTCTCTGGTTA-
 GACCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 46) or its RNA equivalent (X)GUACUGGGUCUCUCUGGUUAGACCA (SEQ. ID.
 50 NO. 126), and (X)CACACAAACAGACGGGCACACACTACTT (SEQ. ID. NO. 47) or its RNA equivalent
 (X)CACACAAACAGACGGGCACACACUACUUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 127), and SEQ. ID. NO. 13: CAAGG-
 CAAGCTTATTGAGGCTTAAGCAGTGGG or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 79: CAAGGCAAG-
 CUUUAIUUGAGGCUUAAGCAGUGGG, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized
 55 by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)GTACTGGGTCTCTGGTTA-
 GACCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 46) or its RNA equivalent (X)GUACUGGGUCUCUCUGGUUAGACCA (SEQ. ID.
 60 NO. 126), and (X)GTTCGGGCGCCACTGCTAGAGAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 50) or its RNA equivalent
 (X)GUUCGGGCGCCACUGCUAGAGAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 130), and SEQ. ID. NO. 13: CAAGGCAAGCTT-
 TATTGAGGCTTAAGCAGTGGG or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 79: CAAGGCAAGCUUUAUU-
 GAGGCUUUAAGCAGUGGG, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an
 65 RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising oligonucleotides having the following sequences: (X)CTCTGGTAACTAGAGATCCCT-
 CA (SEQ. ID. NO. 49) or its RNA equivalent (X)CUCUGGUACUAGAGAUCCCUCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 129),
 and (X)GCAAGCCGAGTCCTGCGTCGAGA (SEQ. ID. NO. 51) or its RNA equivalent (X)GCAAGCCGA-

GUCCUGCGUCGAGA (SEQ. ID. NO. 131), and SEQ. ID. NO. 14: ATCTCTAGCAGTGGCGCCCGAA-CAGGGA or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 80: AUCUCUAGCAGUGGCGCCCGAACAGGGA, where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase.

5 14. A method for selectively amplifying Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 nucleic acid in a sample, comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with one or more oligonucleotides selected from the group consisting of:

10 (X) CTCGACGCAGGACTCGGCTTGCTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 19),
 (X) CTCCCCCGCTTAATACTGACGCT (SEQ. ID. NO. 20),
 (X) GGCAAATGGTACATCAGGCCATATCACCTAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 21),

15 (X) GGGGTGGCTCCTTCTGATAATGCTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 22),
 (X) CAGAAGGAGCCACCCCCACAAGATTAA (SEQ. ID. NO. 23),
 (X) GACCATCAATGAGGAAGCTGCAGAATG (SEQ. ID. NO. 24),

20 (X) CCCATTCTGCAGCTTCCTCATTGAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 25),
 (X) AGTGACATAGCAGGAACTA (SEQ. ID. NO. 26),
 (X) CCATCCTATTTGTTCTGAAGGGTAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 27),
 (X) AGATTCTCCTACTGGGATAGGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 28),

25 (X) GAAACCTTGTGAGTCCAAAATGCGAACCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 29),
 (X) TGTGCCCTTCTTGTGCCAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 30),
 (X) CAGTACTGGATGTGGGTGATGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 31),

30 (X) GTCATGCTACTTGGAAATATTCCTGGTATGCCCTT (SEQ. ID. NO. 32),
 (X) CAATACATGGATGATTGTATGTAGGATCTGAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 33),
 (X) ACCAAAGGAATGGAGGTTCTTCTGATG (SEQ. ID. NO. 34),
 (X) GCATTAGGAATCATTCAAGCACAACCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 35),

35 (X) GCACTGACTAATTATCTACTTGTTCATTTCCTC (SEQ. ID. NO. 36),
 (X) GGGATTGGAGGAAATGAACACAAGTAGATAAAATTAGTCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 37),

40 (X) TGTGTACAATCTAGTTGCCATATTCTGGACTACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 38),
 (X) CAAATGGCAGTATTATCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 39),
 (X) GTTTGTATGTCTGTTGCTATTAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 40),

45 (X) CCCTTCACCTTCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 41),

(X) GAGCCCTGGAAGCATCCAGGAAGTCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 42),
(X) CTTCGTCGCTGTCTCCGCTTC (SEQ. ID. NO. 43),
5 (X) CAAGGGACTTTCCGCTGGGACTTTCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 44),
(X) GTCTAACCAAGAGAGACCCAGTACAGGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 45),
(X) GTACTGGGTCTCTCTGGTTAGACCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 46),
10 (X) CACACAAACAGACGGGCACACACTTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 47),
(X) CTGAGGGATCTCTAGTTACCAAGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 48), ←
(X) CTCTGGTAACTAGAGATCCCTCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 49),
15 (X) GTTCGGGCGCCACTGCTAGAGAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 50),
(X) GCAAGCCGAGTCCTGCGTCGAGA (SEQ. ID. NO. 51)
(X) CUCGACGCAGGACUCGGCUUGCUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 99),
(X) CUCCCCCGCUUAAUACUGACGCU (SEQ. ID. NO. 100),
20 (X) GGCAAAUGGUACAUCAAGGCCAUAAUCACCUAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 101),
(X) GGGGUGGCUCCUUCUGAUAAUGCUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 102),
(X) CAGAAGGAGCCACCCCACAAGAUUA (SEQ. ID. NO. 103),
25 (X) GACCAUCAUAGAGGAAGCUGCAGAAUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 104),
(X) CCCAUUCUGCAGCUUCCUCAUUGAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 105),
(X) AGUGACAUAGCAGGAACUA (SEQ. ID. NO. 106),
30 (X) CCAUCCUAUUUGUUCCUGAAGGGUAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 107),
(X) AGAUUUCUCCUACUGGGAUAGGU (SEQ. ID. NO. 108),
(X) GAAACCUUGUUGAGUCCAAAUGCACCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 109),
35 (X) UGUGCCCUUCUUUGCCAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 110),
(X) CAGUACUGGAUGUGGGUGAUGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 111),
(X) GUCAUGCUACUUUGGAAUAAUUCUGGUGAUCCUUU (SEQ. ID. NO. 112),
40 (X) CAAUACAUGGAUGAUUUGUAUGUAGGAUCUGAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 113),
(X) ACCAAAGGAAUGGAGGUUCUUCUGAUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 114),
(X) GCAUUAGGAAUCAUUAAGCACAACCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 115),
45 (X) GCACUGACUAAUUAUCUACUUGUCAUUUCCUC (SEQ. ID. NO. 116),
(X) GGGAUUGGAGGAAUAGAACAGUAGAUAAAAGUCAG (SEQ. ID. NO.
117),
(X) UGUGUACAAUCUAGUUGCCAUUUCCUGGACUACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 118),
(X) CAAAUGGCAGUAUUCAUCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 119),
(X) GUUUGUAUGUCUGUUGCUAAUUAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 120),
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5 (X) CCCUUCACCUUUCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 121),
(X) GAGCCCUGGAAGCAUCCAGGAAGUCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 122),
(X) CUUCGUCGCUGUCUCCGCUUC (SEQ. ID. NO. 123),
(X) CAAGGGACUUUCCGCUGGGGACUUUCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 124),
(X) GCUUAACCAAGAGAGACCCAGUACAGGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 125),
10 (X) GUACUGGGUCUCUCUGGUUAGACCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 126),
(X) CACACAAACAGACAGGGCACACACUACUUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 127),
(X) CUGAGGGAUCUCUAGUUACCAAGAGU (SEQ. ID. NO. 128),
(X) CUCUGGUACUAGAGAUCCCUCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 129),
15 (X) GUUCGGCGCCACUGCUAGAGAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 130), and
(X) GCAAGCCGAGUCCUGCGUCGAGA (SEQ. ID. NO. 131)

20 where (X) is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence that is recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase.

25 15. A method for selectively amplifying Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 nucleic acid in a sample, comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with one or more oligonucleotides selected from the group consisting of:

30 (X) AGTGACATAGCAGGAACTA (SEQ. ID. NO. 26)
(X) AGATTTCTCCTACTGGGATAGGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 28)
(X) CAAATGGCAGTATTCACTCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 39)
35 (X) GTTTGTATGTCTGTTGCTATTAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 40)
(X) CCCTTCACCTTCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 41)
(X) AGUGACAUAGCAGGAACUA (SEQ. ID. NO. 106)
40 (X) AGAUUUUCUCCUACUGGGAUAGGU (SEQ. ID. NO. 108)
(X) CAAAUGGCAGUAUUCAUCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 119)
(X) GUUUGUAUGUCUGUUGCUAUUAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 120) and
(X) CCCUUCACCUUUCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 121),

45 where (X) is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence that is recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase.

50 16. A method for detecting Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 nucleic acid in a sample comprising the step of hybridizing nucleic acid obtained directly or amplified from said sample with an oligonucleotide selected from the group consisting of:

(SEQ ID NO: 1) GACTAGCGGAGGCTAGAAGGAGAGAGATGGG,
(SEQ ID NO: 2) GAAGGCTTCAGCCCAGAAGTAATAACCCATG,
5 (SEQ ID NO: 3) ATTTGCATGGCTGCTTGATGTCCCCCACT,
(SEQ ID NO: 4) CTTCCCCTGGTTCTCTCATCTGGCC,
(SEQ ID NO: 5) GTCATCCATCCTATTGTTCTGAAGGGTACTAGTAG,
10 (SEQ ID NO: 6) CTCCCTGACATGCTGTCATCATTTCTTAGTG,
(SEQ ID NO: 7) GTGGAAGCACATTGTACTGATATCTAATCCC,
(SEQ ID NO: 8) GCTCCTCTATTTGTTCTATGCTGCCCTATTCTAA,
(SEQ ID NO: 9) CCTTTGTGTGCTGGTACCCATGC,
15 (SEQ ID NO: 10) CTACTATTCTTCCCTGCACTGTACCCC,
(SEQ ID NO: 11) AAAGCCTTAGGCATCTCCTATGGCAGGAA,
(SEQ ID NO: 12) GCAGCTGCTTATATGCAGGATCTGAGGG,
20 (SEQ ID NO: 13) CAAGGCAAGCTTATTGAGGCTTAAGCAGTGGG,
(SEQ ID NO: 14) ATCTCTAGCAGTGGCGCCGAACAGGGA,
(SEQ ID NO: 53) CCCATCTCTCCTTCTAGCCTCCGCTAGTC,
25 (SEQ ID NO: 54) CATGGGTATTACTTCTGGGCTGAAAGCCTTC,
(SEQ ID NO: 55) AGTGGGGGGACATCAAGCAGCCATGCAAAT,
(SEQ ID NO: 56) GCCCAGATGAGAGAACCAAGGGGAAG,
(SEQ ID NO: 57) CTACTAGTACCCCTTCAGGAACAAATAGGATGGATGAC,
30 (SEQ ID NO: 58) CACTAGAAGAAATGATGACAGCATGTCAGGGAG,
(SEQ ID NO: 59) GGGATTAGATATCACTACAATGTGCTTCCAC,
(SEQ ID NO: 60) TTAGAAATAGGGCAGCATAGAACAAAAATAGAGGGAGC,
35 (SEQ ID NO: 61) GCATGGGTACCAAGCACACAAAGG,
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(SEQ ID NO:62) GGGGTACAGTGCAGGGAAAGAATAGTAG,
 (SEQ ID NO:63) TTCCCTGCCATAGGAGATGCCTAAGGCTTT,
 (SEQ ID NO:64) CCCTCAGATCCTGCATATAAGCAGCTGC,
 (SEQ ID NO:65) CCCACTGCTTAAGCCTCAATAAGCTTGCCTTG,
 (SEQ ID NO:66) TCCCTGTTGGGCGCCACTGCTAGAGAT,
 (SEQ ID NO:67) GACUAGCGGAGGCUAGAAGGAGAGAGAUGGG,
 (SEQ ID NO:68) GAAGGCUUUCAGCCCAGAAGUAAUACCCAUG,
 (SEQ ID NO:69) AUUUGCAUGGCUGCUUGAUGUCCCCCACU,
 (SEQ ID NO:70) CUUCCCCUUGGUUCUCUCAUCUGGCC,
 (SEQ ID NO:71) GUCAUCCAUCCUAUUJGUUCCUGAAGGGUACUAGUAG,
 (SEQ ID NO:72) CUCCCUGACAUGCUGUCAUCAUUUCUUCUAGUG,
 (SEQ ID NO:73) GUGGAAGCACAUUGUACUGAUAAUCUAAUCCC,
 (SEQ ID NO:74) GCUCCUCUAUUUUUGUUCUAUGCUGCCUAAUUCUAA,
 (SEQ ID NO:75) CCUUUGUGUGCUGGUACCCAUGC,
 (SEQ ID NO:76) CUACUAUUCUUUCCCCUGCACUGUACCCC,
 (SEQ ID NO:77) AAAGCCUUAGGCAUCUCCUAUGGCAGGAA,
 (SEQ ID NO:78) GCAGCUGCUUUAUGCAGGAUCUGAGGG,
 (SEQ ID NO:79) CAAGGCAAGCUUUAUUGAGGCUUAAGCAGUGGG,
 (SEQ ID NO:80) AUCUCUAGCAGUGGCAGCCAAACAGGG,
 (SEQ ID NO:81) CCCAUCUCUCUCCUUCUAGCCUCCGCUAGUC,
 (SEQ ID NO:82) CAUGGGUAUUACUUCUGGGCUGAAAGCCUUC,
 (SEQ ID NO:83) AGUGGGGGGACAUCAGCAGCCAUUGCAAU,
 (SEQ ID NO:84) GGCCAGAUGAGAGAACCAAGGGGAAG,
 (SEQ ID NO:85) CUACUAGUACCCUUCAGGAACAAAUAGGAUGGAUGAC,
 (SEQ ID NO:86) CACUAGAAGAAAUGAUGACAGCAUGUCAGGGAG,
 (SEQ ID NO:87) GGGAUUAGAUAAUCAGUACAAUGUGCUUCCAC,
 (SEQ ID NO:88) UUAGAAAUAAGGCAGCAUAGAACAAAAAUAGAGGGAGC,
 (SEQ ID NO:89) GCAUGGGUACCCAGCACACAAAGG,
 (SEQ ID NO:90) GGGGUACAGUGCAGGGAAAGAAAUAGUAG,
 (SEQ ID NO:91) UUCCUGCCAUAGGAGAUGCCUAAAGGCUUU,
 (SEQ ID NO:92) CCCUCAGAUCCUGCAUAAAGCAGCUGC,
 (SEQ ID NO:93) CCCACUGCUUAAGCCUAAUAAAAGCUUGCCUUG, and
 (SEQ ID NO:94) UCCCUGUUCGGGCGCCACUGCUAGAGAU.

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17. A method for detecting Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 nucleic acid in a sample comprising the step of hybridizing nucleic acid obtained directly or amplified from said sample with an oligonucleotide selected from the group consisting of:

SEQ. ID. NO. 5: GTCATCCATCCTATTTGTTCTGAAGGGTACTAGTAG,
 SEQ. ID. NO. 10: CTACTATTCTTCGGCTGCACGTACCCCC,
 5 SEQ. ID. NO. 71: GUCAUCCAUCUAUUUGUUUCCUGAAGGGUACUAGUAG, and
 SEQ. ID. NO. 76: CUACUAUUCUUUCCCCUGCACUGUACCCC.

18. A method for detecting Human Immunodeficiency Virus type 1 nucleic acid comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)CTCGACGCAGGACTCGGCTTGCTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 19) or its RNA equivalent (X)CUCGACGCAGGACUCGGCUUGCUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 99), and (X)CTCCCCCGCTTAATCTGACGCT (SEQ. ID. NO. 20) or its RNA equivalent (X)CUCCCCCGCUUAAUACUGACGCU (SEQ. ID. NO. 100), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 1: GACTAGCGGAGGGCTAGAAGGGAGAGAGATGGG or its RNA equivalent ID. NO. 67: GACUAGCGGAGGCUAGAAGGAGAGAGAUGGG; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)GGCAAATGGTACATCAGGCCATATCACCTAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 21) or its RNA equivalent (X)GGCAAUUGGUACAUCAUCAGGCCAUUAUCACCUAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 101), and (X)GGGGTGGCTCCTCTGATAATGCTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 22) or its RNA equivalent (X)GGGGUGGGCUC-CUUCUGAUAAUGCUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 102), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 2: GAAGGCTTTCAGCCCAGAAGTAATACCCATG or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 68: GAAGGCUUUCAGCCCAGAAGUAAUACCAUG; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)CAGAAG-GAGCCACCCACAAGATT (SEQ. ID. NO. 23) or its RNA equivalent (X)CAGAAGGAGGCCACCCCA-CAAGAUUA (SEQ. ID. NO. 103), and (X)CCCATTCTGCAGCTCCTCATTGAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 25) or its RNA equivalent (X)CCCAUUCUGCAGCUUCUCAUUGAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 105), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 3: ATTTG-CATGGCTGCTTGATGTCACCACT or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 69: AUUUGCAUGGCUG-CUUGAUGUCCCCCACU; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)GACCATT-CAATGAGGAAGCTGCAGAATG (SEQ. ID. NO. 24) or its RNA equivalent (X)GACCAUCAAUGAGGAAG-CUGCAGAAUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 104), and (X)CCATCCTATTTGTTCTGAAGGGTAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 27) or its RNA equivalent (X)CCAUCCAUUUUGUUCUGAAGGGUAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 107), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 4: CTTCCCCTGGTTCTCATCTGGCC or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 70: CUUCCCCUUGGUUCU-CUCAUCUGGCC; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)AGTGA-CATAGCAGGAACTA (SEQ. ID. NO. 26) or its RNA equivalent (X)AGUGACAUAGCAGGAACUA (SEQ. ID. NO. 106), and (X)AGATTCTCCTACTGGGATAGGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 28) or its RNA equivalent (X)AGAUUUUCUCCUACUGGGAUAGGU (SEQ. ID. NO. 108), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 5: GTCATCCATCCTATTTGTTCT-GAAGGGTACTAGTAG or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 71: GUCAUCCAUCUAUUUGUUUCCUGAAGGGUACUAGUAG; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)GAAACCTTGGTGAGTCCAAAATGCGAACCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 29) or its RNA equivalent (X) GAAAC-CUUGUUGAGUCCAAAUGCCAACCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 109), and (X)TGTGCCCTTCTTGCCAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 30) or its RNA equivalent (X)UGUGCCCUCUUGCCAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 110), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 6: CTCCCTGA-CATGCTGTCACTATTTCTTAGTG or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 72: CUUCCCCUUGACAUCAUCAUUUCUUCUAGUG; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or

comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)CAG-TACTGGATGTGGGTGATGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 31) or its RNA equivalent (X)CAGUACUGGAUGUGGGU-GAUGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 111), and (X)GTCATGCTACTTGGAAATTCTGGTATCCTT (SEQ. ID. NO. 32) or its RNA equivalent (X)GUCAUGCACUUUUGGAAUAAUUCUGGUGAUCCUUU (SEQ. ID. NO. 112), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 7: TGGAAGCACATTGTACTGATATCTAATCCC or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 73: GUG-GAAGCACAUUGUACUGUAUCUAAUCC; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or

comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)CAATA-CATGGATGATTGTATGTAGGATCTGAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 33) or its RNA equivalent (X)CAAUACAUG-GAUGAUUUGUAUGUAGGAUCUGAC (SEQ. ID. NO. 113), and (X)ACCAAAGGAATG-GAGGTTCTTCTGATG (SEQ. ID. NO. 34) or its RNA equivalent (X)ACCAAAGGAAUGGAGGUUCUUL-CUGAUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 114), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 8: GCTCCTCTATTTTGTCTATGCTGCCCTATTCCTAA or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 74: GCUCCUCUAUUUUGUUCUAUGCUGCCCUAUUCUAA; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or

comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)GCAT-TAGGAATCATTCAAGCACAACAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 35) or its RNA equivalent (X)GCAUUAGGAAU-CAUUCAAGCACAACAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 115), and (X)GCACTGACTAATTTATCTACTTGTT-CATTCCTC (SEQ. ID. NO. 36) or its RNA equivalent (X)GCACUGACUAAUUAUCUACUUGUU-CAUUUCCUC (SEQ. ID. NO. 116), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 9: CCTTGATGCTGGTACCCATGC or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 75: CCUUGUGUGCUGGUACCCAUGC; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or

comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)CAAATGGCAGTATTCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 39) or its RNA equivalent (X)CAAUAGGCAGUAAU-CAUCCACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 119), and (X)GTTTGATGCTGTTGCTATTAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 40) or its RNA equivalent (X)GUUUGUAUGUCUGUUGCUAAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 120), or (X)CCCTTCACCTTCCA-GAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 41) or its RNA equivalent (X)CCCUUCACCUUCCAGAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 121), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 10: CTACTATTCTTCCCTGCACTGTACCCC or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 76: CUACUAUU-CUJUCCCCUGCACUGUACCCC; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or

comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)GAGCCCTGGAAAGCATCCAGGAAGTCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 42) or its RNA equivalent (X)GAGCCCUG-GAAGCAUCCAGGAAGUCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 122), and (X)CTTCGTCGCTGTCTCCGCTTC (SEQ. ID. NO. 43) or its RNA equivalent (X)CUUCGUCGCUGUCUCCGCUUC (SEQ. ID. NO. 123), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 11: AAAGCCT-TAGGCATCTCCTATGGCAGGAA or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 77: AAAGCCUUAGGCAUCU-CUAUGGCAGGAA; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or

comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)CAAGG-GACTTCCGCTGGGGACTTTCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 44) or its RNA equivalent (X)CAAGGGACUUUCCG-CUGGGGACUUUCC (SEQ. ID. NO. 124), and (X)GTCTAACCAAGAGAGACCCAGTACAGGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 45) or its RNA equivalent (X)GUCUAACCAGAGAGACCCAGUACAGGC (SEQ. ID. NO. 125), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 12: GCAGCTGCT-TATATGCAGGATCTGAGGG or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 78: GCAGCUGCUUAUUAUGCAGGAU-CUGAGGG; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or

comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)GGGATTGGAGGAAATGAACAAGTAGATAAATTAGTCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 37) or its RNA equivalent (X)GGGAUUGGAGGAAUUGAACAGUAGAUAAAAGUCAG (SEQ. ID. NO. 117), and (X)TGTGTA-CAATCTAGTTGCCATATTCCCTGGACTACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 38) or its RNA equivalent (X)UGUGUACAAU-CUAGUUGCCAUAUUCUGGACUACA (SEQ. ID. NO. 118), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or

comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers

(X)GTACTGGGTCTCTGGTTAGACCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 46) or its RNA equivalent (X)GUACUGGGUCU-CUCUGGUUAGACCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 126), and either

- 5 (X)CACACAACAGACGGGCACACACTACTTG (SEQ. ID. NO. 47),
- (X)CACACAACAGACGGGCACACACUACUUG (SEQ. ID. NO. 127),
- (X)CTGAGGGATCTCTAGTTACCAGAGT (SEQ. ID. NO. 48),
- 10 (X)CUGAGGGAUCUCUAGUUACCAAGAGU (SEQ. ID. NO. 128),
- (X)GTTCGGGCGCCACTGCTAGAGAT (SEQ. ID. NO. 50) or
- (X)GUUCGGGCGCCACUGCUAGAGAU (SEQ. ID. NO. 130),

15 and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the SEQ. ID. NO. 13: CAAGG-CAAGCTTTATTGAGGCTTAAGCAGTGGG or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 79: CAAGGCAAG-CUUUAUUGAGGCUUAAGCAGUGGG; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase; or
 20 comprising the step of amplifying said nucleic acid with the oligonucleotide polymers (X)CTCTGGTAACTAGAGATCCCTCA (SEQ. ID. NO. 49) or its RNA equivalent (X)CUCUGGUACUAGA-GAUCCCUA (SEQ. ID. NO. 129), and (X)GCAAGCCGAGTCCTGCGTCGAGA (SEQ. ID. NO. 51) or its RNA equivalent (X)GCAAGCCGAGUCCUGCGUCGAGA (SEQ. ID. NO. 131), and detecting the amplified nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ. ID. NO. 14: ATCTCTAG-CAGTGGCGCCCGAACAGGGGA or its RNA equivalent SEQ. ID. NO. 80: AUCUCUAGCAGUGGCGCCC-GAACAGGGGA; where X is nothing or comprises a nucleotide sequence recognized by an RNA polymerase or which enhances initiation or elongation by an RNA polymerase.

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